The Man who never Advertises is unknown to the TIMES Readers. It follows that the TIMES Readers are unknown to the Man.

Victoria Daily Times.

USE LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE AT COCHRANE & HUNN'S

VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1892. NO. 82

SIGNED, sealed and delivered," is the legal form honorable and valuable trans- Buy for your use the coffees ch come to you direct from house, guaranteed for highest ellence by OUR SEAL.

"This transfer is not good. There is no seal upon it."—(OLD AUTHOR.)

CHASE & SANBORN,

Montreal.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CLOSING OUT SALE

SCOTCH HOUSE

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COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 28.

entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will be sold at cost for cash, as the business must be closed out at an early date.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED

the purchase of the entire Stock-in-Trade, Fixtures and Good-will the business. The business has been established for thirty years, is well known in the province. Any person purchasing the ness can secure a lease of the premises on favorable terms. For information apply on the premises.

McLEAN & STEWART.

ated the 25th March, 1892. mh26-tf

THE WESTSIDE

Just opened, a magnificent range of Black and Colored

EDFORD :: CORDS

IN PLAIN AND FANCY MATERIALS.

wo Cases FANCY DRESS GOODS

Two Cases All-Wool Henriettas and Silk-Warp Henriettas

IN ALL THE LEADING SHADES.

PECIAL Importation of TRIMMINGS Direct from Paris.

NEW - SPRING - JACKETS

Showing the Finest Line of Spring Jackets ever imported to the Province. These garments, direct from the manufacturer and made specially to our order, are all stylish, high-grade, finely-finished goods. We invite inspection.

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Miss Morrison, of Montreal,

ed and take charge of this department. She will maintain our reputation for high-class work.

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A MINNEAPOLIS TRAGEDY.

The Steamer Golden Rule Burned at Memphis Wharf and Several Lives Lost.

Conflicting Reports Concerning the Progress of the Venezuela Revolution.

A Very Heavy Claim for Salvage Lodged Against the Steamer Keweenaw.

CINCINNATI, April 1.—It is now known that eight people were drowned from the steamer Golden Rule, burned yesterday. Their names are: Miss Nellie Maloney, Frank T. Riley, second mate, deckhands, Wm. Morrison, and Mathomer and four colored roastabouts. Mrs. Rev. Geo. Easton, of New Orleans, is missing. Nothing is left of the Golden Rule, but the water-logged, sunken hull and partially consumed wheel. The Memphis wharf boat is a skeleton of charred timbers, and the steamer Fleetwood is slightly damaged. At first it was thought the fire had started from the fire doors on the boiler deck, but it is pretty certain now that the fire started in the hold. A barrel of either coal oil or varnish burst when thrown down in the hold. The flames caught from the lanterns which the men used in the hold and spread rapidly. For this reason it is believed that at least four stevedores were caught in the place. As near as can be roughly estimated the boat had a passenger list of about 80, with a crew of perhaps ten stevedores and a regular list of officers, cooks, etc. At the first cry of fire the passengers, many of whom were in the cabin, made haste to run for their lives, and almost all of them were saved. The only passenger known to be dead is Miss Maloney. She was a friend of Capt. Spinkles' family, and had gone down to the boat to bid her friends good-bye. Her death must have been fearful, for it is thought her body was caught by the wheel of the "Hercules Carrier," as shreds of her dress were found hanging on the wheel.

A Theatrical Troupe's Quarrel.

MILWAUKEE, March 31.—Nearly the entire Meininger troup from Germany, which is making a tour of America was in Judge Walber's court yesterday, to witness the trial of their manager, Max Schiller, charged with an assault on Gustav Kobert, one of the company's stars, which took place behind the scenes at David's theatre on Monday night. Kobert testified that Schiller had used an objectional expression to the entire troupe and when asked what he meant Schiller called him a miserable comedian and an idiot. Kobert replied that such treatment was shameful, when Schiller called him a coward add a vagabond and slapped him on the ear. It was alleged that the company is not doing a prosperous business at present, and that Manager Schiller was using these tactics to get rid of several high-priced actors without breaking his contract and forfeiting a bend of $2500 which was given in Germany. The manager had also failed to advertise Kobert as a star several times which caused ill feeling. Manager Schiller said the assault occurred during the heat of passion and that there was evident lack of proper regard among the troupe for the management. Judge Walber fined him $5 and costs.

The Troubles of a Bohemian.

PITTSBURG, April 1.—Frank Schohay von Ringleoffer, son of a railway contractor of Bohemia, was released from the workhouse yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Stowe. Ringleoffer's father died recently leaving him a fortune of 5,000,000 florins, most of which will be inherited by him, as he is the eldest son. He came to this country 18 years ago. He succeeded John R. Schlosser as steward of the Duquesne club. While holding that position he became involved in trouble with a woman and was tried and convicted on the charge of taking money and entering a building with felonious intent. He was sentenced to the workhouse for four years and while there escaped, but was captured. For this escape he was sentenced to three additional years. He served five years and was released on a technicality. About $14,000 of his inheritance is now in New York. Ringleoffer will not go back to his native land, but will begin business in this city.

Venezuelan Revolutionists.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Herald this morning has Caracas, Venezuela, advices from an official source which say that the revolutionists are reported to be in full flight on the road leading from Valencia. General Crespo's forces are said to be completely disorganized and panicstricken, and Crespo himself is reported to be fleeing on horseback toward Guanere. In official circles, the dispatch adds, a strong anti-American feeling is apparent, as foreigners are seeking refuge in the different consulates. Advices from the insurgent side have a different story to tell. They are that Crespo's forces are being rapidly augmented with men and arms, and that by the middle of April he will have a force of from 10,000 to 20,000 men, who will begin an advance upon Caracas. These latter facts agree with the despatches received by the United Press last night.

An American Honored by a King.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The King of Greece has conferred on John D. Buchtel of this city the cross of Chevalier of the Royal Order of the Saviour. This is an exceptional honor, hitherto not bestowed upon an American. Mr. Buchtel has received from the Greek minister of foreign affairs, Athens, the silver cross of the Knights of the Royal Order of the Saviour and also a diploma signed in autograph by King George I. and countersigned by L. Deliyeseyes, Greek minister of foreign affairs. A similar honor was recently conferred on Prince Bismarck.

The Keewenaw's Salvage.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The steamer Keewenaw, Capt. Jenkins, which was towed in Wednesday night with the loss of her rudder, will have a heavy salvage claim to meet. The amount is said to be not less than $75,000. The disaster happened about six miles west of Point Reyes at nine o'clock on last Tuesday night. At 4 a.m. Wednesday the stern part of the vessel was also carried away. The vessel is now lying at the wharf and discharging her cargo of coal, valued at $19,500. The ship itself is worth little over $200,000. During the storm the vessel rolled helpless and rudderless in the trough of the sea, which swept clean over the upper decks, wrenching pipes and iron stays badly and smashing the skylights.

The Chilean "Constitutional" Party.

NEW YORK, April 1.—A cablegram to the Herald from Buenos Ayres via Galveston, Texas, says: Balmaceda's mother has crossed the Andes on the way to Mendosa where she will visit her other sons who are in Mendosa. It is expected that within two months there will be a large gathering of Balmacedist exiles in Buenos Ayres. A fusion of Saenzpena's party and the radicals has taken place under the name of Constitutionals.

Insurance Company Insolvent.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 1.—At the suggestion of the attorney-general the court has granted an order, returnable April 11th, requiring the Stock Raisers' Live Stock Insurance Company to show cause why its business should not be closed. It is alleged that its assets are not sufficient to carry on the business.

Detained in Quarantine.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Advices from Montevideo say that the lazzaretto on Flores Island is crowded with passengers for Uruguay. They are temporarily detained.

Ex-Chief Justice Drake Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Charles D. Drake, ex-Chief Justice of Claims, was found dead in bed this morning at his residence in this city. He was 81 years old.

LUMBERMEN ALARMED.

They Urge the Government Not to Replace the Export Duty on Logs.

OTTAWA, April 1.—A large delegation arrived here to-day, representing all the leading lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley except E. B. Eddy, who has now gone into the paper manufacturing business, and the lumbermen of the Gatineau Valley. There are in all about 50 delegates. They waited on the Government and urged that the action asked some time ago by the paper manufacturers. The placing of an export duty on logs, would endanger the whole of the lumber trade with the States by causing the imposition of a higher import duty under the McKinley bill.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Two Men Held Up on the Wellington Road---Export of Coal.

NANAIMO, April 1.—Mr. J. Mahrer is having a considerable amount of new scenery painted for the theatre, which will add to its many attractions. The hall is also being frescoed and decorated by Mr. Buchan, who is considered one of the cleverest artists on the coast. The decorations and other improvements are expected to be completed in another two weeks' time, when the theatre will be open again for business.

NEW FIRE HALL.

The city fathers are calling for tenders for the erection of a new fire hall for the city. The new building is to be of brick and will be erected on Victoria crescent. A bonus of $50 is to be given to the party sending in the best plans. The fire department have had considerable trouble in getting a foundation on the site selected, but after going 22 feet a solid stratum has been met with.

COAL SHIPMENTS.

The foreign coal shipments from the port of Nanaimo for the month of March were as follows:

New V. C. Co	25,539
Wellington	19,037
East Wellington	2,832
Union	8,660
Total	56,068

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Another highway robbery took place on the Wellington road on Wednesday night. Mr. Armstrong and his friend were proceeding to Wellington when they were assailed by two masked men. Armstrong's friend was struck on the back of the head and knocked to the ground, then the other assailant demanded Armstrong to throw his hands up, at the same time pointing a pistol at him. Both men were relieved of the gold watches and chains, and all the spare cash they had. A meeting took place at Wellington last evening and a vigilance committee appointed, which, it is presumed, will make it warm for highway robbers.

THE ELECTRIC WORKS.

Mr. A. Shaw's electric light works has been floated into a joint stock company with a capital of $75,000. Twenty-five per cent. will be retained by Mr. Shaw and the rest is taken up in New York, Vancouver and this city. Mr. Shaw feels that with the Edison company at his back the present works will be one of the best on the coast. In fact the light at present is giving general satisfaction. Nearly all the streets in the city have been lit up. The few lamp posts, from which ejected the gas light, have been dismantled.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work befor placing your orders.

A PROTECTORATE SCHEME.

Rumors as to the Relations of the United States and the Argentine Republic.

Ravachol, the Anarchist, Found to Possess an Official Dynamite Permit.

Arrival of Deeming at Melbourne---No Violence Attempted by the Crowd.

LONDON, April 1.—The Times correspondent at Buenos Ayres telegraphs: An indiscreet notice in the Press, the origin of which has been traced to one of the ministers states that Admiral Walker was the bearer of happy proposals which insured the settlement of the question between the Argentine and the United States. This is supported by the subsequent post-prandial speeches by the American minister, Secretary of Legation and the American officers here. An official denial led me to closely investigate the affair. As a result I came to the conclusion that Argentine's declaration that a reciprocity with the United States has been declined is only half the truth. At first the Argentine Government declined to hold their warships at the disposal of the United States, but the Government has now accepted in principle Admiral Walker's generous offer of United States protection in case the Argentine republic becomes involved in the boundary question dispute with Chile and Brazil and of protection against foreign interference if the Argentine republic attempts to cancel her foreign obligations. The reciprocity treaty, which was obtained, as the Brazilians declare, under promises which have not been fulfilled has now been thrown over by the United States. Chili might perhaps, have been attacked through the Argentine Republic while funds would be advanced to Peru to enable her to pay wholly the Tacna Arica indemnity, the consideration for this being the excellent and easily defensible port of Chimbote which is to be urged as readily available as a United States naval station. This is part of Secretary Blaine's ambitious programme to destroy European influence in the south Atlantic and Pacific in order to secure a good card for a presidential election. The present moribund Argentine government does not represent the feelings of the valuable class of public opinion in that it has accepted a semi-protectorate from the United States government. However it insists it gives absolutely nothing and has only accepted that which binds the U. S. and not Argentine. It is alleged that Admiral Walker has also been negotiating with Uruguay.

A British Traitor.

LONDON, April 1.—Shortly after the arrest of Edward Molden, formerly quartermaster in the royal engineers, who was charged under the official secrets acts with attempting to learn secrets surrounding the defence of Gibraltar, it is learned he has sold France full particulars and plans of all defences at Malta. In consequence the British authorities have made extensive changes in the defences of Malta.

LONDON, April 1.—The strike of the coal miners of Durham which began March 12 will probably last a fortnight longer. The coal shipping trade of Sunderland, Seaham harbor and Hartlepool is entirely suspended. Trade is greatly curtailed and the iron and steel trade of Cleveland is at a standstill. Thousands of workmen at Stockton are idle and hundreds of people are in a starving condition.

Bismarck's Birthday.

HAMBURG, April 1.—Prince Bismarck is 77 years old to-day, and in this city, as throughout Germany, the anniversary is being celebrated with enthusiasm. Bismarck is at Friedrichshrue with the Princess, his wife, his son, Count Herbert, and the Countess. The Prince has recovered from his recent attack of illness, and is able to enter with interest into the events of the day. Early in the day a reveille was sounded under the window of the Prince's apartment by the Ratzberg Juegerr. Every train brought large numbers of delegates, including several Hamburg guilds and representatives of organizations in all parts of the Empire. Tenants of the estate have testified their loyalty by birthday gifts, more acceptable to the Prince for sentiment than value, and messengers are kept busy with the delivery of telegrams.

The Arrest of Ravachol.

PARIS, April 1.—It is reported that a regular permit was discovered at the lodgings of Ravachol, the anarchist, authorizing him to obtain 1500 cartridges from the dynamite stores near Bourse. The police are enquiring as to how he obtained the permit. M. Dresh, the police commissary who arrested Ravachol, and the restaurant keeper and waiter who betrayed him to the police have received menacing letters.

BERLIN, April 1.—The North German Gazette, commenting on the arrest of Ravachol, makes the following sarcastic remark: "If the French only knew where a scapegoat can be sought more than half the injury they have suffered is forgotten, and the fastening of blame on Ravachol as a German bastard is so artistic that it is worthy to be compared with the best culinary performance of France.

Deeming at Melbourne.

MELBOURNE, April 1.—The publication of the details of the crimes of Deeming have caused a most bitter feeling here. The authorities fear that a serious attempt will be made to lynch him on his arrival and are taking special measures to prevent it.

MELBOURNE, April 1.—Deeming the murderer arrived in Melbourne this morning on the steamer Ballarat. An immense crowd awaited him, but he was strongly guarded. The crowd howled at the prisoner but attempted no violence.

Relations Between Italy and United States.

ROME, April 1.—Replying to a resolution adopted by the artists of Rome in favor of taking part in the Chicago Columbian exhibition, Rudini, prime minister, has written a letter in which he says that he approves the artists' intention and concluded by stating that he had a well founded conviction that the friendly relations between Italy and the United States would be re-established by the time set for holding the World's Fair.

Charge Against a Socialist.

VIENNA, March 31.—The police have charged Pernerstorfer, the Socialist leader in the lower House of the Reichsrath, with treason for his utterances at a meeting of workingmen, claiming that he incited them to revolt against the Government.

The Walshall Anarchists.

LONDON, March 31.—The trial began to-day at the Staffordshire assizes of the leaders of the Washall anarchist conspiracy. Attorney-General Webster appeared for the prosecution, and after his address the court adjourned.

Preparing for Trouble.

BERLIN, March 31.—The Reichstag to-day passed a bill allowing the Government to declare a state of seige in Alsace-Lorraine in the event of war. The House also passed a credit for the construction of a complete system of strategic railways.

Trouble in Dahomey.

PARIS, April 1.—A dispatch from Porto Nova states that 200 Dahomeyans have attacked Kesenou. It is believed that the natives meditate an attack on Porto Nova and the French have taken steps to repel the attack.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

E. Tingley of Ashcroft, is in the city.

Jno. S. Anderson of Vancouver, is in town.

A. Bullock of Nanaimo, is at the Driard.

R. L. Galbraith, returned last evening from Portland.

T. M. Glaholm and Mrs. Glaholm of Nanaimo, are in the city.

M. M. English and John Hendry of Westminster are at the Driard.

F. A. Brown and Mrs. Brown of Harrison Hot Springs are in the city.

Prof. Baldwin and Miss Kate Baldwin, of the Butterfly Company, are at the Driard.

G. W. Hayler, chief clerk in the Union Pacific Passenger Department at Portland was in the city last evening.

NEW WESTMINSTER NOTES.

Fishermen Dissatisfied---An Insult to a Corporation.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 1.—Tupper Thompson, charged with seduction by Flora Macdonald, was arraigned in the police court yesterday morning and remanded for trial at Vancouver. Thompson alleges that blackmail is being practised against him. Thompson skipped from Westminster to Blaine the day he was to have married the Macdonald girl at Westminster. The charge against Thompson that he stole the horse of Arthur Francis has been dropped.

Fishermen are greatly dissatisfied with the decision of the canners only to make up half packs this year so as not to overcrowd the market. The fishermen say it is an unnecessary precaution, and that if English markets wont take salmon, Canadian and American markets will only be too glad to get it.

John Hall, English capitalist, made things lively in the Westminster-Vancouver car power house last night. Ex-officer Harper of the Westminster police force was boarding the car at the power house when he asked Hall to step to one side, jocularly remarking that Hall's corporation was in the way. Hall replied with a blow upon Harper's nasal organ and followed it with another on the left eye. Harper stepped forward just in time to receive a counter blow on the chin. Sergeant Carly and Magistrate Atkinson who were upon the car interfered and Hall was overpowered. Ladies in the car almost went into hysterics. Hall was arraigned this morning and remanded till Saturdry on $800 bail.

Vancouver News.

VANCOUVER, April 1.—A meeting of those interested in the situation of an orphanage was held last night. The object of the meeting was to adopt a constitution to govern the orphanage. The following synopsis was adopted: Title, "The Vancouver Children's Home," object to provide a home for orphan and destitute children between the ages of 2 and 12, and educate them in the Protestant faith and the elements of secular knowledge. The management of the institution shall consist of a committee chosen by the subscribers of their annual meeting, the committee to consist of not more than two representatives from each church. The internal arrangements shall be in the hands of a committee of ladies selected from the churches and the W. C. T. U. The religious training of the children shall be according to the doctrines held by the orthodox Protestant churches.

The teachers of the city last night held a meeting and discussed the best methods of teaching literature.

The preliminary examination of Tupper Thompson on the charge of seduction took place this morning.

Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel is now open. Offices to rent on the first floor. Special rates for rooms by the week or month. Apply office, first floor.

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Endless Eloquence on the Crofters' Bill From Both Sides of the House.

Information Demanded by the Opposition—Governmental Equivocation.

In the House yesterday, after the brief discussion on the McLeod inquiry, Mr. Kitchen presented a petition re inquiry into the claims of John Cross to certain lands in New Westminster, substantiating Cross's claim, was read, received and directed to be printed.

Mr. Herne presented a petition for the B. C. Fishing and Trading company. Read, received and directed to be printed.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Semlin asked the provincial secretary if all the correspondence and information regarding the Deep Sea Fisheries and Crofters' Bills had been laid before the House. The House was quite in the dark in the matter; they wished to know a little more about these bills than had been given. It was necessary that this House should know the terms of agreement between the fishermen and the company, the terms upon which they held the lands from the company and many other vitally important questions relative to this subject.

Hon. Mr. Davie replying said all the information the House was going to get it had got the other day when the bill was thoroughly discussed. The details demanded could not be given now. The attorney-general then reiterated his former arguments about the bills.

Mr. Milne asking the same information received the same reply.

House went into committee on the Oaths Bill, Mr. Nason in the chair.

The committee on the Oaths Bill rose and reported progress.

THE STENOGRAPHERS' BILL.

Hon. T. Davie moved the second reading of the amendment to the Stenographers' Bill, to make provision for the creation of stenographers in the province for the law courts. An Act was passed some years ago for the purpose of providing that the evidence given in the provincial courts of justice should be reported stenographically. In times past the effect of the appointments was highly satisfactory and had fully accomplished the objects of the measure. The business of the courts was increasing rapidly and cases multiplying, the bill as it stood permitted only one stenographer at Victoria. But there were other points of the province where there was a large volume of legal business, New Westminster for instance. It was not expected at first that stenographic reporting of evidence would be self-supporting, but it had proved itself so, owing to the fees paid by the litigants, which equalled the salaries and expenses. But it was now necessary to have a staff of stenographers as the work was becoming so much heavier. One day's shorthand writing required four or five days to transcribe. The idea was to allow the stenographer such a remuneration that he would be able to engage assistants, as the Government could not be expected to support a staff of stenographers in each court. It requires four or five reporters. If a transcription is called for it can be made, but the notes will not be transcribed unless called for. In long trials a daily transcript would have to be made and would require the best efforts of the whole staff. This bill was to meet the growing needs of the country, and to secure for the increasing business of the courts a useful service.

Mr. Semlin asked what was the use of taking these notes, if they were not to be transcribed.

Hon. Mr. Davie replied that if there was no appeal it was not necessary. The second reading passed and the House went into committee on the bill, Mr. Nason in the chair. Committee rose and reported the bill complete without amendments. Report adopted, the bill read a third time and passed.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Kitchen rose to a question of privilege, saying he had been wrongly reported regarding the Supreme Reclamation Bill by the Daily News, and set himself right.

THE CROFTERS' BILLS.

Mr. Semlin claimed the floor when the call for the second reading of these bills came up, as he had held it on the adjournment of the debate. He said: In addressing you at this time and upon this subject, I think that I am speaking upon the most important matter, say, ever discussed in this House. The development of our deep sea fisheries is a question which is Nothing the most dispassionate discussion. The planting of a race of fishermen along our northwest coast and the islands adjacent is a question involving so many and collateral matters that it should not be passed upon hurriedly. We are all deeply anxious to see our coasts and islands peopled by a hardy, loyal, and happy maritime people. We want to have no mistake in this. A false step at first may be fatal to the success of the whole question. We all alike wish to see British power and prestige increased on the Pacific ocean and the Dominion of Canada, showing as bold and prosperous a front on the Pacific as she does on the Atlantic. We, on this side of the House, are fully alive to and quite appreciate the situation as a whole. I repeat we want a prosperous, loyal and enterprising maritime population. In this particular we join hands with those who have hitherto spoken in favor of these bills. But here we part company. The supporters of this scheme take all for granted. They in substance say borrow this money from the Imperial Government, or give this syndicate these lands, trust our government to attend to all matters of detail. We do not care to know about these bargains with the empire and the province or between the province and the syndicate. Now, we on this side of the House are not prepared to go it blind. We want to be sure as to the responsibilities we are assuming for the province. While we want to see contented British people on British land and seas, we want to be assured that we do not get just the reverse of this. We want no tactless, discontented, mutinous and idle people. If this House intends to pass these bills we ask this House to insist upon the fullest information. Now, what information do the government give us? On this side of the House we urged the government to take us into its confidence when we went into committee upon these resolutions, but they there declined. They said, we will submit the bills in the regular course and the members can learn themselves and be ready to discuss them on the second reading. Now, sir, what do those bills teach us? Bill 8 says in clause 1: "It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to make such arrangements as may be deemed advisable to bring 1250 families from the United Kingdom. Now turn to the fourth paragraph of bill 62 and you find it stated that it is desirable that the Government should be authorized to make and conclude arrangements with the intended company when formed and be further authorized to make a grant of public land in aid of each settlement. You will see, sir, that we are asked to legislate away our power to the Government. The people sent us here to protect their interests, not to entrust those interests to the Governor in Council, and it is making a far off legislation to shirk our duties upon the Governor and Council. They tell us that Great Britain will loan us $750,000 at 3 per cent., for what? To aid Great Britain to get rid of some troublesome semi-paupers from the congested districts of the Old Country. If Britain wants to help her poor to emigrate let Britain do so, she is amply able, and if she thinks it is to her interest to move her poor from one part of the Empire and the people are willing to be moved, let her do so. Let the responsibility of placing them be hers. The land is here, the islands are here, the sea is here, and I believe the fish are in the sea. But are we to get the fishing population? We see now that instead of crofters they are now called Colonists, which may mean that this company or this government or the Imperial Government, whoever is to make the selection, failing to get fishermen to leave their home, may pick up whom they can and ship them out, and then how is it that 1250 families fill the bills? By what kind of computation was it found that just this number of families and no more should come? I hope that this commercial company do not take up all the other available spots, so that more fishermen would be trespassing upon its ground. I doubt the policy of assisted immigration. The leader of the Government says we will get the pick of the class; this I very much doubt. That portion of the class is less likely to move or be moved than the poorest and most suffering. The kind of people to settle new countries and develop new industries are the pushing and enterprising. History teaches us the kind of people that settled the United States and Eastern Canada, we ourselves know the kind that settled this Province. This scheme will not bring such classes, or if it should they will not stay the bondsmen of a commercial monopoly. And now a word about this commercial company with this enormous capital of $5,000,000; what does it take? Its agents have been here and looked over the land and sea, and say there is a profitable mission anywhere in North America. If they are correct, if they have the capital and the market why not enter into the enterprise? Business men seline and with an abundant capital to invest in a sure product with an unfailing market it seems to me would not wait for the slow action of governments, but would at once proceed to put their capital in motion and realize the profits which they seem so sure of. This capital, you will observe, although called $5,000,000, may not be any such amount. By reading the sixth paragraph on page one of the commissioners' letter to the leader of the Government you will see that one-fifth of the sum may not be called up.

Once the colonists are here will go to work what guarantee have they that they are going to succeed? They will have to sell to this company at what rate? I presume a living rate is expected, for the Government says it is to collect $60 a year from these people to repay the Province the $750,000 advanced, which will doubtless be swollen by interest to a million and a quarter before we repay the Imperial Government. These people must work for the company, must sell to the company, must buy from the company, and must pay back to the Government the amount of their passage money. A bright prospect, surely, for these people. I don't wish to be prophetical, I am not a prophet, but it surely seems to me that these people will soon tire of this philanthropic company, and hunt new seas and fresh conditions and leave both company and government, the one to hunt for a new lot of serfs and the other to repay as best from the Imperial Government.

The leader of the Government says we can trust this company, for there is a nobleman in it. Well, I don't know the particular peer, if peer he be, to whom he refers, but I think this House is not justified in trusting too much to this company even if there is a nobleman in it. It seems that the Imperial Government is not carried off its feet by the knowledge that there is a nobleman in the company. That Government, the leader of our Government tells us, will see that the colonists are not oppressed, but that Government is 7000 miles away and how are solicitous for the welfare of these people whom we have to pay for, it can not be in a position to know how well or how badly they are treated—we do not know that fishing on the deep sea is a dangerous occupation that storms will arise and vessels will be lost, that widows and orphans will be the result and which of the contracting parties are responsible for the care of these destitute?

I consider that the whole scheme is one of danger to this Province. In fact the Province is one that must stand the whole brunt. While the Imperial Government is sure of its money, while the company need lose nothing, for its steamboats and moveable property can be turned into other profitable channels the Province will be held to make good the money advanced. While the more enterprising fishermen will seek employment elsewhere we will be left to support by public aid a few scattering villages along the islands and the northwest coast. The Finance Minister did tell us something. He told us that our neighbors to the south of us have developed a near deep sea fisheries and that the product was over $1,000,000 a year, and that while fisheries $750,000 a year. I am sure that those people deputed for this upon the people who came to them; there was no assisted immigration there of a public sort. That development was of a safe sort, the people of sufficient enterprise to get there, found a profitable business and pursued it. It is such men that make nations. It is such men that make success. I cannot vote for the passage of these bills at the present time, as I think the responsibilities incurred are greater to British Columbia than the uncertain results warrant.

Mr. Baker said this was the first attempt of this Government at assisted immigration. He then went into statistics and figures to show that to assist immigration was a good thing. For the sums which were to be handed to the individual families there would be the personal bond of the fisherman, with the collateral security by the commercial company stepping in to supply boats and tackle. In return they were to receive half a million acres of land, part of which was to go to the colonists. Personally, he knew a good deal about the crofters, he had travelled in their country. He would make a supposition that every young man of these immigrants should be forced to marry a young woman before they left the country. Of course, with an unlimited family $750 was a small sum. The crofters on the western islands of Scotland were good, ignorant people, living on the most miserable soil and in the most miserable climate imaginable, they were barely able to earn a living. Their land he had dispossed them and they had ingenuously entered into a hazardous set of people. In the east of Scotland on the other hand things were very different. Whether more advantageous climatic conditions, a better soil and other circumstances there lead a race of hardy, honest industrious fishermen who would be a credit to any land. Again in the west of Ireland there was the finest material possible to obtain for this proposed scheme. There was also in England a large surplus population who would be glad to be assisted out here, and he did not think that the people who had shown the vim they had in subjugating one-sixth of the entire surface of the globe would be failures here. He hoped this Government might in future assist the agricultural masses of England as it sought now to do with the fishermen.

Mr. Hunter said he did not wish to make a long speech, but he wished to remove a wrong impression from the mind of Mr. Baker who had just shown his entire ignorance of the people whom the House was then discussing. Mr. Semlin had made somewhat similar remarks also showing ignorance of that people, but his were probably made for political purposes. Mr. Hunter then read a report from the Royal Commission appointed to enquire into the condition of the Crofters in the Hebrides of Scotland, which spoke in highly eulogistic terms of the people of those islands. At this point an enthusiastic Scotch member burst out with a "hear, hear" for whisky. Mr. Hunter thanked him for the great diversion of the House. These people, the report stated, were hardy, honorable, moral and intelligent, and provided the finest material obtainable anywhere for recruits to the British navy. The male population, the report stated, was enough to fully man seven armored ships of war of the first class, their efficiency as seamen was not surpassed by any nation in the world; physically they stood second to none, their intelligence ranked higher than that of any similar class in the world. They possessed no great significance in numbers, but they were undoubtedly a splendid race.

"There," said Mr. Hunter addressing his remarks to Mr. Baker, "what does the Honorable member say to that? Here we have the contradiction to his statements by the highest authority possible to obtain, an unbiassed commissioner of the Crown. And these are the people we want to plant around our shores, why, sir, we could man seven first class men-of-war and the United States dare not show their face on the ocean (laughter). "What a comfortable thing it would be to have those splendid sailors at hand when all those rumors of war with Russia and the Dancers are flying around. They are not the poor, ignorant people the Honorable member has tried to make out, but a people the equals of any on this globe." (Great applause.) As to the drowning of the fishermen that could be amply provided for.

Mr. Baker asked if Mr. Hunter had ever read the report of Sir James Matheson on the condition of the inhabitants of the Island of Uist in the Hebrides. If he had he would know more about them than his remarks had shown.

Mr. Hunter said the Royal Commission report took precedence of all others. Mr. Semlin had quoted history to show that assisted emigration was a failure. It would not be a failure with these people. Mr. Semlin knew nothing about the history of the Scotch as his remarks had shown. Did he ever hear of the Peninsula, Waterloo, the thin red line before Sebastopol (Sebastopol)? If not let him inform the Honorable gentleman that these people whom he depreciated so much took a very prominent part in these bloody struggles, none took a more prominent part. Let him read history before he attempts to run down such a people. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. Brown said he had been delighted to listen to the first part of Mr. Hunter's remarks but those about the drowning of the crofters did not please him much. Suppose ten of these young married men went out some fine day after their annual have, the boat got upset and they were all drowned how were their families to be provided for? Mr. Speaker—Sinking fund, of course. (Laughter.)

Mr. Brown said he was glad to hear Hon. Mr. Turner speak so compatibly of the fishing wealth of the Province as greater than the mineral wealth, but was it right to let foreign capital come in here and handle it? The news of wealth lying dormant almost afflicted the Government with the fishing palm and put wrinkles on the manly brows. (Governmental expressions of disgust.) This company was satisfied the deep sea fisheries here were a splendid thing, and if they did manage to get what they asked for they would have a soft thing indeed and an undoubtedly bright future. The real value of this land proposed to be given away cannot be estimated in figures; the matter should be very carefully anguired into. He charged the Government with trickery in tacking the two bills together because anybody who attacked either of them would be told he was obstructing the settlement of the province with desirable people. He also said that when the Government got the bills passed they would have it in their power to hand over this land, in which case he could fervently say "oh save us from our friends" (laughter). The interests of the country were to be carefully guarded in the sweat by and bye, but the company's were to be carefully guarded now. A proposition like this should have the mathematical q. e. d. put after it. Who was to boss this thing, the company, the Imperial Government or the Provincial? Are the pickings and commissions to commence as soon as the people pack their bundles? The fullest information should have given on these points. Why had not those official documents been placed before this House? It looks as if this Government have deliberately suppressed some of these documents (applause). Any well considered scheme for bringing out a number of industrious fisher people from the old country on a clear and well understood basis would have his hearty support, but not such an ill-digested scheme. It calls for the steadiest and most determined opposition and that is what it would get. (Hear, hear.) It was a shameless proposition and if he might be permitted the unparliamentary expression a big game of grab. An enormous bonus given away for nothing at all and to what was practically a foreign syndicate, which would

Continued on page 3.

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1:30 p.m. ..... Lv. Ft. Townsend Lv. ..... 11:45 a.m.
4:30 p.m. ..... Ar. Victoria Lv. ..... 8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND MILL ROUTE.

12:00 p.m. ..... Lv. Seattle Ar. ..... 3:00 p.m.
12:30 p.m. ..... Lv. Ft. Madison Lv. ..... 2:30 p.m.
..... Lv. Kingston Lv. .....
3:00 a.m. ..... Lv. Ft. Gamble Lv. ..... 11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m. ..... Lv. Ft. Ludlow Lv. ..... 10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m. ..... Ar. Ft. Townsend Lv. ..... 8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m. ..... Lv. Seattle Ar. ..... 2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m. ..... Lv. Edmonds Lv. ..... 12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m. ..... Lv. Mukilteo Lv. ..... 10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m. ..... Lv. Everett Lv. ..... 9:45 a.m.
12:00 m. ..... Lv. Marysville Lv. ..... 8:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m. ..... Lv. Lowell Lv. ..... 6:30 a.m.
3:00 p.m. ..... Ar. Snohomish Lv. ..... 7:00 a.m.

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TIME TABLE No. 17.

Taking effect April 11, 1892.

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New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Delta Islands Monday at 8 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Monday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.

For Pt. Roberts and Blaine Wednesday and Friday at 5 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 5 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 1 o'clock; Tuesday and Saturday at 5 o'clock.

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Barclay Sound Route.

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RAILWAYS.

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TIME TABLE NO. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily. Ar.	No. 1 Ar.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun. Ar.	No. 3 Ar.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.
12:24 P.M.	12:24 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	VICTORIA	72
12:20	12:20	4:54	4:54	BURNSIDE	71
12:10	12:10	4:44	4:44	ESQUIMALT	68
11:54 A.M.	11:54 A.M.	4:28	4:28	GOLDSTREAM	64
10:50	10:50	3:10	3:10	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	49
10:40	10:40	3:00	3:00	COBBLE HILL	46
10:17	10:17	2:30	2:30	MOUNTBATTEN	41
10:12	10:12	2:24	2:24	KOKSILAH	39
10:02	10:02	2:14	2:14	DUNCANS	34
9:30	9:30	1:43	1:43	MESACHIE	27
8:34	8:34	12:45	12:45	CHEMAINUS	17
Ar. 8:00	Ar. 8:00	Lv. 12:15	Lv. 12:15	NANAIMO	0

COING NORTH. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Daily. Lv.	No. 2 Lv.	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Sun. Lv.	No. 4 Lv.	STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria.
8:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.	3:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.	NANAIMO	0
8:14	8:14	3:44	3:44	CHEMAINUS	10
8:54	8:54	4:24	4:24	MESACHIE	17
9:24	9:24	4:54	4:54	DUNCANS	22
9:34	9:34	5:04	5:04	KOKSILAH	27
9:57	9:57	5:27	5:27	MOUNTBATTEN	30
10:02	10:02	5:32	5:32	COBBLE HILL	35
10:19	10:19	5:49	5:49	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	38
10:45	10:45	6:15	6:15	GOLDSTREAM	53
11:50	11:50	7:20	7:20	ESQUIMALT	57
12:00	12:00	7:30	7:30	BURNSIDE	64
12:10	12:10	7:40	7:40	VICTORIA	67
Ar. 12:14 P.M.	Ar. 12:14 P.M.	Lv. 7:45 P.M.	Lv. 7:45 P.M.	VICTORIA	72

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

[Continued from page 2.]

rush out all competition. It would be an enormous monopoly. No language was too strong to employ in condemnation of a scheme like this. These poor people would soon be reduced to the condition of serfs under the care of this monopolizing company. Better let them remain where they were, however hard the conditions, than bring them here to be the slaves of a gigantic monopoly. (Applause.) This scheme would partially snuff out and swallow up the Hudson Bay Company. The company would go along the coast and seize every coign of vantage possible. The whole thing pointed to certain success to the company and almost equally certain loss for the Province. It meant the establishment in this Province of the most odious system known as absentee landlordism, men owning vast property here and spending the profits abroad. As the crofters, the inhabitants of the western isles of Scotland, he believed that they were a hardy, intelligent, virtuous people, that was his preconceived idea of them before he heard the able defence of their character by the hon. member from Comox. Injustice, absentee landlordism and other means of oppression had reduced them to a condition of poverty and misery. This House did not want to see such a condition of affairs established here, if they could help it. These people should be established here as the free citizens of a free state, and what was now being attempted by these bills was a practical fraud upon the people and the Imperial Government. He should oppose this bill at every stage of its progress with all the vigor at his command. (Applause.)

Hon. Mr. Pooley said the bill had been thoroughly digested before being brought before the House. It had been considered useless to bring these people out to this island to scratch for a living themselves. If this were done a large number of families would be thrown on the hands of the province for help. The company proposes to look after them, to take their fish and pay them for the same. This industry would have to be developed by degrees. He had always heard of the mineral wealth of this country, but if they sat down in this House and amused themselves with this bill as they had done with the mineral bills there would be no prospect of success in the matters at all.

Unless they got up and did something this opportunity to advance the interests of the province would pass. The more he listened to the arguments against this scheme the more convinced he became that it was a good thing for the province. It would be a long time before another company would offer to build cold storage warehouses here; this company offers and is able to do it. The company and the colonists go hand in hand; the one is useless without the other. The colonists would be by no means serfs. They must be fed well, even from a standpoint of self-interest as the company could not get along without them. He thought the arguments were a proper refutation of the arguments of the hon. member for New Westminster district.

Mr. Hunter—No arguments at all, all evil. (Laughter.)

Mr. Pooley continuing said these colonists would be capable of carrying on their calling successfully here if they could do so in Scotland where the weather was much rougher and more dangerous. There would be ample funds to meet any emergency caused by a burning accident. Other families could easily be obtained to take the place of those dying out. The Government had the privilege of taking only as many colonists as they thought fit from time to time, and everything after this subject to the home Government. It should be remembered that all this talking might be upset and go for nothing when the matter is finally laid before the British House, should it adversely report upon it.

Mr. Beaven—A very fortunate thing. (Laughter.)

Mr. Pooley hoped this scheme would be tried out and if it is it will be such a success as will astonish the gentlemen of the Opposition. Then, he said, they would have the manliness to come forward and give this Government credit for the energy, foresight and enterprise they had displayed.

Hon. Mr. Robson—Ha! ha! Not the slightest fear of anything of the kind. (Laughter.)

Mr. Milne said the question should certainly rise above party lines. He was pleased to see that there was a prospect of the hardy, intelligent and thrifty race they were speaking of coming to this Province. He could heartily endorse all his Hon. friend the member for Comox had said about them. He knew them from experience to be the model race they were described, and the Province could not have a better class of people come here. It was well to look to the interests of the Province and see that this experimental immigration be properly managed; also that the land grant. Some experiments in deep sea fisheries should have been made before bringing out 1250 families to undertake the work. The company was certainly not over-burdened with modesty; they were by no means backward in asking for everything they thought was necessary to the furtherance of their own interests. While the Province ran a considerable risk, the company ran none at all. They were absolutely protected from all chance of loss.

Mr. Sword, after condemning the bill as crude and ill-digested, and charging the Government with wilful suppression of necessary information, called for the question.

The vote was then taken and the division was as follows:

Against the second reading—Messrs. Bryan, Semlin, Kitchen, Sword, Milne, Kellie, McKenzie, Brown, Forster.—9.

For—Messrs. Robson, Pooley, Davie, Hunter, Smith, Baker, Horne, Hall, Beaven, Nason, Stoddart, Turner, Croft, Taylor, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher.

The bill was read a second time.

A message was presented from the Lieutenant Governor enclosing bill reserving certain lands in the city of New Westminster and assenting to the same. Referred to a committee of the whole House.

The Speaker gave his ruling on a question as to the Architects Bill not being in order, it being charged that it was a private bill. He ruled that it was a public bill, in order and admissible.

The House adjourned for dinner at 5:45.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 8 o'clock.

The report of the select committee in regard to the claim of John Cross of Chilliwhack was ruled in order by the Speaker. The report was received.

Mr. Kellie moved that the standing orders be suspended for the purpose of introducing the following resolution:

"Whereas a company known as the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Co. has applied to the Parliament of Canada for a charter for a railway from a point on the outlet of Kootenay Lake, near the town of Nelson, thence to a point at or near Fort Sheppard by way of the valley of Cottonwood-Smith Creek and the Salmon River.

"And, whereas, the construction of such a line would be very advantageous to the interests of the province, and would at all seasons of the year allow direct communication between the Kootenay Lake district and the boundary of the province near Fort Sheppard thereby being a great benefit to trade.

"And, whereas, it is understood that strenuous opposition, not in the interest of the province, is being offered in order to defeat the passing of the bill for the said charter through the Dominion House.

"Therefore, be it resolved that an humble address be presented to the Lieutenant-Government, praying him without prejudice to provincial rights, to immediately move the Dominion Government that the charter applied for the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company may be granted, and that a copy of the purport of this resolution be at once transmitted by telegraph to the Dominion Government."

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought it would be unwise to pass the resolution as the House should take a decided stand on the question brought out in the resolution. What has the Dominion Government got to do with granting charters in the province?

The standing orders were suspended and Mr. Kellie moved the resolution. He said that the people on the coast who had both water and railway communication do not know of the inconvenience of having no communication of the kind. The people of Kootenay, who want to get out of the country, have at present to travel on horseback. He could not understand why the C. P. R. was using exertions to kill the railway charters in the western portion of the province, and he was sorry to say, with success. If they would build into the district he could understand it, but they will not. He was sure the projectors of the scheme would go on with the railway this summer if the Dominion Government granted the charter.

Mr. Brown said he had seconded the resolution and would support it, as the Legislature had already given the company a charter.

Mr. Baker said the remarks of the Leader of the Opposition deserved the consideration of the House. He had pointed out to the late Sir John A. Macdonald that this Legislature granted charters and the Dominion Government threw them out. Sir John had said that if the charters were granted by the local House there was no need of going to Ottawa. The time was passed when impediments should be placed in the way of railways being built across the line. How are the people to get down into the States if the lines are cut off at the 49th parallel. No district should be cut off from their natural markets across the border. Some had said that the building of the railway would cut off the market of Kootenay from Victoria and Vancouver. This could not be, as if goods could be sent up there now by the way of Spokane they could be sent up cheaper when a railway is built.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the legislature had granted the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway a charter and he could not see why they wanted to go to the Dominion Government for a second charter. Is the provincial charter of no good? It would be suicidal on the part of the House to pass the resolution. Other provinces had fought questions of a similar kind for their rights. In this case the House is asked to go on its knees and ask the Dominion Government to grant a charter to a railway that the provincial legislature has already granted a charter to. The Company has now get a good charter and he could not see why they wanted another one. He would vote against the resolution as it was throwing away the rights of the provincial legislature and recognizing the Dominion Government's right to charter provincial railways.

Dr. Milne contended that the Provincial House should not endorse a bill before the Dominion House that had already passed the Local House, as the local members did not know but that some of the clauses rejected by the provincial House would be endorsed by the Dominion House.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought it was only a matter of wisdom that the Railway Company wanted another charter. He could not see that by passing the resolution the Provincial House was surrendering its rights.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said it would have been well if the Hon. Attorney-General had been in his seat to hear the words of wisdom that fell from the member for East Kootenay. If Mr. Baker would repeat what he had said it would be of value to the Honorable Attorney-General.

Mr. Baker repeated what he had said and the debate was adjourned until the next meeting of the Legislature.

The adjourned debate on the deep sea fisheries' bill was resumed.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said that he had been borne out in his contention regarding the unknown quantities of fish around the coast, both by the Board of Trade of Vancouver and Victoria and the men who are advancing the present project. He thought the fishing banks should be prospected to use a mining term, but he thought that as a commercial enterprise the scheme should be able to stand on its own footing and not come to the Legislature for a subsidy. The Government were going into the scheme blindly, overlooking what was already in the Province. There are a large number of men and schooners in Victoria which were quite capable of undertaking deep sea fishing. In view of the present condition of the Behring Sea question, those men who are engaged in that industry should be encouraged to take part in the deep sea fisheries if possible. If the present condition of the Behring Sea question means anything it means the exclusion of the schooners from the sea this season. There are 60 schooners here manned by Nova Scotians who are competent to engage in deep sea fishing, having been engaged in that industry in their own country, where it is carried on successfully. The Government instead of assisting those who are already in the Province are subsidizing a syndicate which will bring men out from the old country, when men qualified to do the work are here in the Province, and will in all probability be idle this year. It shows a want of policy on the part of the Government. The men here are better qualified to prospect the deep sea fisheries as they can locate the most valuable banks on the coast. They followed the seal up the coast and as all know the seal followed the fish, and fish are to be found where the seals are found. If the Government would assist these men he could understand it. There is another thing too, viz., that in all probability when the crofters do come here they will wander over to the States. Thus this Province will be paying for what the people of the neighboring States will benefit by. For what purpose did the Government intend to give this syndicate 500,000 acres of land and then import a lot of fishermen for the company?

Mr. Croft thought the scheme would develope one of the best resources of the Province. He read extracts from a number of books regarding the fish to be found in the waters off the coast of British Columbia. He held that it would be useless to send the sealing schooners out after deep sea fish as they would be unable to sell it after they got it. Some of the crofters, too, would take the place of Chinamen as domestic servants.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Yes, they will go to Wash-in(g)-to(n).

Mr. Croft said the crofters will not go to Washington and leave their pensions.

Mr. Kitchen would like to see the deep-sea fisheries of British Columbia developed but at the same time had no desire to build up a monopoly which would crush out all private enterprise. If our fisheries are so rich, why should it be necessary to give a company a bonus of 500,000 acres of land? It is proposed to reserve a large tract of country for this so-called enterprise, though one would suppose that the people of Vancouver Island had lost enough land when the Island railway was bonused. He did not think that the class of crofters the British Government wanted to get rid of was the class wanted here. They would be only serfs, bound to take whatever the company gave for the fish and to give for supplies whatever the company chose to offer.

Mr. Booth did not see how a monopoly could be made of the deep sea fisheries of the Pacific ocean. There were lots of fish for all. The company will not be able to make serfs of the men and they would have to make it profitable for the crofters or they would not remain.

Hon. Mr. Robson—It would be one of the greatest events in the history of the province and the party in power in the province. The Leader of the Opposition said why bring foreigners in while the sealers are here? Is it possible that the Government is going to place a wall around the province and stop men and money from coming here. He was ashamed of the Hon. Leader of the Opposition for calling the men who are coming from the British Isles foreigners. He would welcome capital and population from the British Isles. Neither the sealers nor the boats that they use are fit for deep sea fishing and he did not think that the unfortunate sealers could bring enough capital forward to push the scheme as this company could. The company intended to build shipyards and steamers which they would use in the prosecution of their work. The sealers did not know anything about the fish banks as the sealers did not feed on cod, halibut, etc., but on the fish near the surface. When the aspirants for the leadership of the Opposition, and there are several of them, see their leader acting as he had done to-day, they should put themselves forward and get the position. As all the members know the senior member for New Westminster thinks he has got one foot in the position already, and the senior member for Vancouver would not refuse it. The prediction that the crofters would go to the States was a gross reflection on the country. Is it to go to the world that the leader of her Majesty's loyal opposition said that men who were brought out here and taken care of would go to the States? The object of the company wanting land was for the same reason that a railway company wanted land, namely, as a basis for financing. The company are floating an immence scheme and they need land to finance with. This country cannot stand still while energetic statesmen held the reins of power. The Opposition were bucking against the scheme like a lot of Cayuses and no Government of British Columbia ever propounded a scheme as important as the one at present under discussion. The Crofters will remain here as they will be in a better position than they were at home. The money to be expended on bringing them here will be paid back with interest. The coal lands that the company were going to get would be a fine thing for the country as they would be developed, and as all know, five cents is paid to the Provincial Treasury for every ton of coal taken out of the British Columbia mines and if the Opposition have the least spark of patriotism stored in the corner of their hearts they should trot it out now and support the bill before the House. This syndicate is going to engage in a business which in five years will furnish an export trade of $5,000,000 and equal that of Newfoundland. The lines on which they are going to carry it on necessitate the granting and outlay of a capital of $1,000,000. Fresh fish will be placed within they reach of every person on the American continent. The girls too would come to the cities and take the place of Chinamen. He did not believe in refusing work to those Chinamen who are here, but he did believe in fitting themselves to do without Chinamen. When full particulars are before the House next session all would see that the Government had done well.

Mr. Foster did not believe that it helped any man's argument to say that the Opposition lacked patriotism. He could not support the bill because he did not believe in the principle of it. No protection has been given to the salmon industry in other provinces, and why should this scheme receive a bonus here? Without any bonus it will be only a short time before this industry developes enough to supply the market. The company in this case has everything to gain and nothing to lose; it is nothing better than a land speculation. Again, the Crofters may leave British Columbia, and everyone who goes over to the United States means a loss of $750 to this country

Mr. Keith thought that this was one of the most important questions that had come before the House, and should be considered carefully. Grand and glowing accounts were given of our deep-sea fisheries, but they had never been tested. The Government merely said that this source of wealth exists, but did not tell where they have received their information. If this source of wealth was given away now British Columbia would suffer before long. With all the glowing terms in which this company was spoken of, and with its enormous capital, they nevertheless came and asked for this large bonus of 500,000 acres of land. He would oppose this on one ground even if there was no other, viz., that it was a proposition to give away land and this was a most objectionable featurd of the bill. Everyone wished to see the country settled but then, even if those Crofters came, where was the guarantee that they would stay? The Premier boasted that the country showed its wisdom by returning to power a progressive party, but he (Mr. Keith) failed to see where the progress was or how a party that represented only 30 per cent. of the population of the country could make such an extraordinary boast.

Mr. McKenzie spoke briefly against the bill.

Mr. Grant said that he had frequently found fault with the government for their dereliction in bringing forward some measure calculated to develop the latent resources of this province but he was not sure that he could find cause for complaint now. Vast numbers of herring, halibut, skil, oolachans, and other fish are found in the waters of British Columbia and contiguous waters. It took years and years for the salmon industry to attain to its present magnitude and he thought these new industries required a little encouragement and assistance. If the government entered into a proper agreement with the company there could be nothing better calculated than the proposed plan, to increase the exports of the province. He was willing to give the government plenty of rope in a matter of merit of this kind and if they showed themselves unfit to carry out the details of the scheme properly, that was the time to turn them out. As to the remarks made about the relations of capital and labor he was one of those who thought that everyone should be only too glad to do all in his power to welcome capital to this country. Without capital the history of the past would be the history of the future and we would drag along slowly and without those signs of energy which a young country should show. Yet, he thought that before the Government consented to guarantee 500,000 acres they should have seen that the Company had spent a little of their own capital. Still he was glad that after ten years of incubation the Government had succeeded in bringing forth something.

Mr. Cotton denied that the opponents of the bill were unpatriotic. On the contrary they were not afraid to express their opinions at all times and it was in this way that the independent party had succeeded in moulding to a certain extent the policy of the Government. With regard to the bill even supporters of the Government did not understand the provisions. It was merely experimental, if it succeeds all very well; if it failed, the loss must be borne by the province. The question may be momentous as the Premier says it is. It may have greater results than they imagine; it may be the means of chartering a company that may become stronger than the Government itself. No doubt the Government, with its brute force, will carry the bill, crude though it be. Why, the company itself does not understand it. The House was not furnished with details sufficient to enable Hon. members to form such an intelligent opinion as would prevent them from voting against it.

Mr. Brown said that no member would object to the formation of a syndicate, to the giving of lands to settlers or even to a syndicate provided they were wanted. But the case was different when it came to giving lands for building up a huge monopoly which will be compelled in the lines of its business, to grind down rival companies in order to get dividends for the shareholders.

The second reading of the bill was, after much discussion, carried on the following division, viz:—

Ayes—Messrs. Grant, Robson, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Hall, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher, Baker and Smith—19.

Nays—Messrs. Milne, Beaven, Brown Forster, Keith, Cotton, Kellie, Kitchen, Sword, McKenzie and Semlin—11.

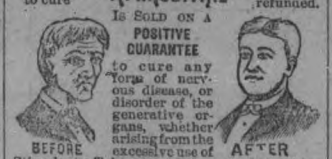
The House adjourned at 1 o'clock a.m.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is Sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of



Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by Aphroditine. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

Sold by COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

REFER TO ME

"I have been deeply interested in the investigation of your method of treatment, particularly that portion prescribed in your "Treatise for Men Only." *I am convinced that your treatment for impotency and decay in males is the best known to the medical profession.* I shall recommend it in my practice, and you can refer to me at any time, should you deem it proper."

The writer of above is a practicing physician and unknown to us. We have scores of similar letters on file. It refers to our wonderful system of treatment by which the

HEALTH OF MEN

is Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development, and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N.Y.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—:::— FOR FAMILY USE, —:::—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY OREGON.

TENDERS

FOR IMPROVING THE STEAM heating apparatus and ventilation of the Central School, Victoria, will be received until Monday, the 4th April next at 4 p.m.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EXTRAORDINARY : BARGAINS.

The remainder of the

Bankrupt Stock

—OF—

92½ Douglas St., Doane Block,

Must be sacrificed within ten days

AT FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

Stock consists of Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes; a large assortment of Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats and Caps; Trunks, Valises, etc., etc. mh2

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MRS. McGREGOR,

MIDWIFE.

Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard. fe27-tf

C. F. MacKENZIE

CARPENTER & BUILDER

Workshop, 67 Douglas St.

Stores and offices fitted up. House repairs promptly attended to. 5-3m

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Victoria Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Conlin & Rendall has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Rendall, who will collect all debts due to the firm and pay all liabilities.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1892.

M. J. CONLIN.
mh10-1m WM. RENDALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned under the firm or style of "Braden & Stamford," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The said business will henceforth be carried on by the undersigned James Leonard Stamford, who will receive all accounts and pay all liabilities.

Dated the 26th day of March, 1892.

JOHN BRADEN.
m28-1m J. L. STAMFORD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain Works constructed in or on Navigable Waters," Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability, intends to apply to the Governor-General of Canada in Council for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said Company in and about the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, and has in accordance with the provisions of the said Act deposited a description of the proposed site of such works and improvements and a description of such works and improvements, together with plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement
mh4-1m Company, Limited Liability.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.
January 30th, 1892. feb1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the shareholders of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company will be held at the office of the British Columbia Land and Investment agency, Victoria, on the 19th day of March, at the hour of 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing directors and adopting by-laws for the due management of the affairs of the company.

Dated the 1st day of March, 1892.

HENRY S. MASON,
mh Sec'y pro tem.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northeast corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR.
Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G NORRIS.

ROBERT N. FITTON,

LANDSCAPE GARDENER

Fifteen years' practical experience.

Pruning. Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.

All communications attended to promptly.

RESIDENCE 58 NORTH PARK ST.

P.O. Box 748. mh7-tf Victoria, B.C.

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

HAVING RETURNED FROM EUROPE, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest methods in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest Setting, Diamonds in as Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first-class work furnished.

DR. HARTMAN.

SING :: KEE

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at Shortest Notice.

Contracts Taken.

24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.

f.15-3m

WING ON

Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU

All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.

No. 20 Cormorant street, - - Victoria, B.C

DUCK LUNG,

GROCERIES AND PROVISION.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

And contractor for Chinese labor at short notice, 42 Fisgard street, Victoria. P.O. Box 457. fe9-2m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

WANTED—By two young ladies, situations as waitresses, or table work. Address California Hotel. ap1-2t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A housemaid. Apply to Mrs. G. A. McTavish, Beacon Hill Park. ap1

WANTED—Two apprentices to learn the millinery business. Enquire of Mrs. Bowness, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. ap1-tf

WHITE HELP WANTED, that understands ironing. Steam laundry, Yates St. m30

WANTED—Smart intelligent boy, also good hand ironers at the Victoria Steam Laundry. m21

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Young business man with small capital to join advertiser, or take whole of business, with good prospects. Address care Box 355, postoffice. ap1-1t

WANTED—Small foot lathe, wood or iron bed. 151 Pandora street. ap1-3t

WANTED—At once, a female dog, competent to act as wet nurse to six small puppies. Price liberal. Apply at 39 Fort St. ap1-2t

HOUSE WANTED—Before the 1st April, an eight-roomed house wanted to rent. One conveniently situated and comparatively new preferred. Address X.Y.Z, TIMES office. m5

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—House and furniture, 79 Discovery street. Apply to Heisterman & Co., Government street. mh31 tf

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms, suitable for small family. Pierre Block. m31-1w

A HANDSOMELY furnished house to rent for six months or one year, situated on Pandora avenue between Blanchard and Quadra streets, containing six rooms, bathroom, hot and cold water; stable. Address M. B., TIMES office. m30-3t

HOUSES:—

On Amphion street, $10.
On Belton avenue, Victoria West, $12.
On North Park street, No. 105, $14.
On Vancouver street, $18.
On King's road, No. 18, $26.
On South Turner St., James Bay, No. 44 $20.
On Labouchere street, $21.
On Bellot street, $21.50.
On Belcher avenue, $25.
On Vancouver street, $25.
Offices, stores and sample rooms.
m26 *Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

TO RENT—Dwelling house of eight rooms with bath, outhouse, dry cellar, etc., with all modern improvements. A first-class neighborhood, beautiful lawn, and all in first-class repair. On a two years' lease at a most reasonable rent to parties that will purchase the household effects, all of which are nearly new. For further particulars address J. H. S., Box 161, city. mh26 3

FIVE-ROOMED COTTAGE, nearly new; Michigan street, James Bay. Rent $16 per month. Apply J. A. T. Caton, 17 Yates street. mh26-tf

TO RENT—Small store, with 6 rooms and kitchen. Apply J. Mortimer, auctioneer, corner View and Broad streets. mh17-tf

TO RENT—New 6-roomed cottage on Fifth street, $12 per month. T. G. Rayner, Real Estate, Trounce avenue. mh17-tf

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—A first-class boarding house; three minutes' walk from postoffice. Sleeping accommodation for 25 boarders; also a good transient business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. For particulars address "Boarding House," TIMES office. mh28-tf

WE offer the following bargains:—

House, Quadra street, 5 rooms, rented $16. Price $1600.
House, First street, 4 rooms. Price $1200.
Chicken ranch, 5 acres, long terms. Price $750.
Two lots, Jessie street, Victoria West. Price $650 each.
One lot, Victoria West, long terms. Price $325.
Two lots near Oak Bay avenue, long terms. Price $275 each.
m26 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property 49 Third street; good house, and well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises. mh19-1m

FOR SALE—30 acres good land, seven acres under cultivation. Fine chance for market garden. Nine miles from city. Price $2200. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mh5

GENERAL BUSINESS — Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe18 tf

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50x126' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside road, 56' 6"x124' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fit Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. au5

HUMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
Corner Government and Pandora streets. Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $20,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan6-1y

DETECTIVE.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
References furnished.
E. D. McNAUGHTON,
mh1 Manager.

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. m14-tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
mh1-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2. English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc29

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. ja2-3m Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy3 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY,
1-1w Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oc19 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. a22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

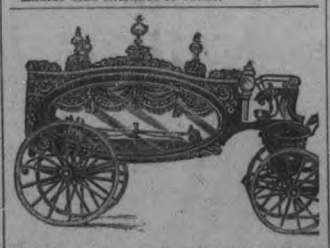
QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

ROSENTHAL'S CAFÉ ROYAL.

We are prepared to furnish Banquets, Weddings, Balls, Receptions and Afternoon Teas. Eastern and Olympia Oysters. Ice Cream made daily. Finest French Candies made fresh daily; also Chocolate Eclairs, Macaroons, Cream Puffs, Pies and all kinds of German Pastry. All short orders served. Open all night. Ladies' side entrance to boxes.



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A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillon, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

TO-MORROW

WE OPEN OUR

Spring Millinery

HATS AND BONNETS.

* * * * * * * * *

MRS. BOWNESS

will be pleased to show the ladies the latest and most recherche Millinery of the London, Paris and New York styles.

SHOWROOM

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MANTLES

PARASOLS

DRESS GOODS.

No questions asked about these goods pleasing—
They make none better.

No question about prices being satisfactory—
None sell cheaper.

* * * * * * * * *

Ask to see our

40c. BLOUSE.

* * * * * * * * *

J. PARTRIDGE

LANSDOWNE

HOUSE

86 YATES STREET.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50 Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

WE CANNOT CHECK KOOTENAY.

The Montreal Gazette advocates the exclusion of Americans and American capital from Kootenay, and advises the House of Commons to refuse a charter to the proposed railway from Nelson to Fort Sheppard, to connect at Spokane with the Northern Pacific. The Gazette is the leading Quebec organ of the Conservative party, and was one of the strongest supporters of the monopoly clause in the Canadian Pacific Railway charter, which almost drove Manitoba to rebellion. Our contemporary, evidently, has not learned anything by experience, and is still ready, in the interest of a corporation, to oppose the will of the people. Kootenay is believed to be the richest mining country on the continent. It has no railway connection; and for six months in every year, when navigation of the rivers is closed, its infant enterprises languish, and but for the indomitable pluck of its people and the knowledge they possess of its boundless wealth, the district would long ago have been abandoned to the Indians. The centre and the richest portion of Kootenay lies midway between the Canadian Pacific on the north and the Northern Pacific on the south. From the latter road a branch railway is now built to within a few miles of the boundary and a number of Victoria and Spokane capitalists are ready to continue it to Nelson. But the old spirit of monopoly, encouraged by subsidized organs in Montreal and elsewhere, seems as intolerant as it was a few years ago in Manitoba, when the Dominion Government was compelled to step in and repurchase a privilege which it had disloyally bartered away. The proposed road would be less than a hundred miles in length, and all the company is asking from the Dominion Parliament is authority to cross the boundary line. A provincial charter has already been obtained, and a subsidy of land will probably be granted to the company during the present session of the Legislature. A Dominion charter, it is said, will be refused on the ground that the road would divert the trade of Kootenay to the United States. It is not contended by the Gazette that the railway would not be a benefit to Kootenay, that it would not bring that rich district into closer relations with the rest of the Dominion, or that an enormous development of the mining industry would not follow. The organs of monopoly know that the building of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway would inure to the benefit of British Columbia and of Canada. Nevertheless they raise a bugaboo cry about "diverting the trade of Kootenay to the United States." They forget the history of Manitoba before the construction of the C.P.R. line north of Lake Superior, when enormous quantities of freight were shipped from Eastern Canada through the United States to the Canadian Northwest. They know that any objection that can be offered to the Nelson road crossing the boundary line could have been offered, and with greater force, to the C.P.R. crossing the boundary line at Emerson. They know what would have been the effect of the dog-in-the-manger policy upon Manitoba, and they can understand from that the present condition of what the Gazette describes as Canada's El Dorado, in consequence of the refusal of the Dominion Government to charter the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway. But the organs of the monopoly close their eyes to facts and to the rights of the people of Kootenay and depend upon a bastard sentiment to justify their opposition to one of the most desirable railways ever projected in Canada.

Kootenay cannot be checked by monopoly for ever. The construction of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard line will be followed by a line from the C.P.R. on the north, and another through the Crow's Nest Pass from the east. The building of the former, which is the shortest and cheapest line of the three, is an immediate necessity, but it would not meet the necessities of the country for more than a year or two. It would be found to be inadequate to the requirements of the district, just as the Emerson branch of the C.P.R. was found to be inadequate to the Northwest, but the benefits that would accrue from its construction and operation to the railways that would come after it would far outweigh the imaginary disadvantages of competition or the senseless sentimental objection of diversion of trade to the United States. As in the case of Manitoba there is no trade to divert, and a railway is required to bring in population to make trade, which will be "diverted" to Victoria, Vancouver, Westminster and Eastern Canadian cities.

THE FISHERY SCHEME.

When the twin bills relating to crofter immigration and deep sea fisheries development were laid before the Assembly, the TIMES pointed out that their appearance would need to be largely modified by ministerial explanations before they could be considered acceptable to the province. Since that time there has been a large amount of discussion on the Government's proposals, and the Government side of the House, from the Premier down, has let loose a wonderful flood of eloquence on the subject. There has been much lecturing of the opposition on its want of "patriotism"—which means its unwillingness to "go it blind" at the suggestion of the Ministers. There have been side investigations—interesting enough in themselves—into the character of the Highland crofters, and encyclopaedic disquisitions on fish and fisheries in general. Still there seems to be a dearth of information on the real question at issue, which is, whether the two bills commit the Province to expenditures and responsibilities without the prospect of adequate recompense. Such being the case, the members who opposed the second reading of the bills until more information and more guarantees of safety are at hand were entirely justified in their action.

So far as the bills go, there is no security that the Province will gain the advantages which the scheme is supposed to bring to it. These are an increase of its population and the development of one of its latent resources. The latter can be of benefit to the province only so far as the sum of the province's wealth is increased thereby, and as the affair stands at present it appears to us it is the company's wealth that is to be most largely increased. The province, in fact, supplies the company with means to carry on its work, while the company pockets the profits. The speeches on the Government side of the House were intended to show that the company is likely to make plenty of money out of the enterprise, and at the same time that the province will do well to bonus it with half a million acres of land, besides assuming the liability to the Imperial Government, which is the very foundation of the whole scheme. It is hardly necessary to point out that these arguments are exceedingly hard to reconcile with each other. The bills should have provided for a more correct apportionment of burdens and profits. Ministers and their friends talk vaguely about the wisdom of the Government, the intelligence of the company and the paternal care of the Imperial authorities, but these do not supply the place of plain, straight terms in the bargain. The people will find that the remembrance of the premier's oratorical flourishes will not compensate them for their loss should the Government's want of ability and frankness land it in difficulties.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

It must be a pleasing reflection to the honorable members who have debated so earnestly and spoken so long upon the Crofters' Bill, as well as to the gentlemen of the press who have labored so arduously to take down all this eloquence, that when the matter reaches the Imperial Parliament it may share the fate of the evanescent soap bubble sent forth by the clay pipe of innocent childhood. The honorable Mr. Pooley's remark to this effect yesterday fell like a cold douche on the eloquent orators of the House.

Hon. John Robson showed last night when he talked for an hour and a half on the Crofter Bill that he is still sound in wind and limb—his right arm, that illustrative pump-handle that helps his eloquence so much—if not in his opinions and arguments.

Col. Baker trenched upon very dangerous and unpleasant ground yesterday afternoon when he took upon himself to depreciate the Scotch Crofters. Most people are of an opinion that this kind of national scum was killed in 1600 and buried in 1745. It came with very bad grace, to use a hackneyed expression of the House, from the Honorable gentleman to sneer as he did at a race which has suffered so much already at the hands of the English Government. It is true that the great Cham of English literature, the eminent dogmatist, Dr. Samuel Johnson, to utter against whose rulings one breath of dissent was to call forth the horror and indignation of all true Englishmen, berated this unfortunate race most savagely. Perhaps Col. Baker has drawn his information about this race, as many Englishmen do, from the prejudiced ravings of this great man.

A recruiting sergeant for the Royal navy, a well-informed Englishman, in conversation with the writer some years ago, said that the very flower of the British navy was drawn from the wild Hebridean islands. He said the more perfect physical race did not exist in the British Isles. They were more than ordinary intelligence, trainable, quiet, and showed marvellous alacrity in mastering the duties of a man-o'-warsman. They are born sailors and their daring on the sea is proverbial. As the recruiting sergeant said in concluding his remarks: "I only wish, sir, there were ten times as many of them, for the sake of the navy and the country."

Mr. Hunter's admirable defence of his aspersed countrymen yesterday afternoon did him infinite credit. The man whose blood will not boil and bubble over when he hears hard words uttered against his race and nation is not a man at all, but a dummy with a heart of putty and a head of clay. There is an anecdote of an ancient Greek soldier, a prisoner who, hearing his beloved country spoken of disgracefully although shackled with fetters on his wrists and in the presence of the Persian satrap, struck down the traducer and himself expired the moment after on an avenging Persian scimitar. Perhaps the present case is analogous.

The Government seems to take malicious pleasure in listening to the pleadings of the Opposition for more information on the Crofter scheme. Perhaps the Government will have an extremely small lamb to drag out from under all this wool they are trying to pull over the eyes of the Opposition.

Mr. Hall had the honor of making the final speech last night, or rather this morning. He spoke at considerable length, and managed to say almost as little as the honorable proprietor of his political opinions, Honorable Mr. Robson. It is a pleasure to listen to Mr. Hall finish his speeches, for he generally finishes them before he sits down, which is not always the case with the gentleman who is his reflex, Mr. Robson.

The urbanity of Mr. Speaker is imperturbable. After a long sitting of a apparently interminable wrangling he receives all who have business with him as soon as the adjournment is announced, with the greatest good humor and affability. There is ample excuse for it being far otherwise.

The presence of lady visitors in the gallery seems to ruffle the equanimity of some of the younger members. It sounds rather funny to hear them sighing while earnestly gazing at the fair visitors, "And I can say, sir, that never in the whole course of my experience," etc.

Mr. Croft was armed to the teeth with encyclopædias last night, and ichthyology was the burden of his song. Unfortunately for the Honorable gentleman he had not the notes properly arranged and his tongue ran somewhat ahead of his thoughts sometimes, as when he looked up from a perusal of one of the volumes and said with great gravity, "Mr. Mackerel, the fish called Mr. Speaker is." The House enjoyed the situation immensely.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Nelson Miner, speaking of Mr. Kellie's course and the attacks that have been made upon him, thus concludes: "Of one thing his opponents should not be too cocksure, that is, that Mr. Kellie is not backed up by the people of his district. If an election were held on the adjournment of the present session, Mr. Kellie would be returned against any of his detractors, whether a resident of the district or of Victoria, and that, too, by an overwhelming majority. Mr. Kellie stands well with the classes who elected him—the miners, prospectors, and mechanics—classes that have increased largely since the election of 1890."

ONE LAW FOR ALL.

TO THE EDITOR:—I see as yet no action has been taken to remove a pile of "iron" on Johnson street or a quantity of "cordwood" which has been lying on Fisgard street for the past two or three weeks. Surely these are infractions of our street by-law, and if so why are the steps taken to have them removed?

ENQUIRER.

Pozzoni's Complexion Powder produces a soft and beautiful skin: it combines every element of beauty and purity.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY AN

Use "Highland Br Cream.

Wante
$10,000 American s change for boots an michael & Paterson's,

Just Arri
Queen olives, sau salt pickles and mixe at Watson & Hall's, 5

For Strictly
Choice butter per r lb, 16cts; bacon from potatoes, per cwt., 90 106 Yates street.

Knights of
Far West Lodge, their hall this evening At to-morrow even Sunset Lodge the cha

Society M
An important meeti drew's and Caledonia held this evening. Society also has impo transact at this eveni

Will Have Go
The Victoria Lacro held a special meetin ing, and endorsed grounds committee. prosecuted in gettin grounds in shape.

Mock Parliame
The members of the held in connection w during the winter mo the lecture room of th evening. The Honor no doubt have a big t

A.O.
A meeting will be Hall, No. 28 Broad st April 2, at 8 o'clock, organizing a new cou Order of Foresters un High Court of Can the order and thos cordially invited to at

Eastern P
D. Campbell & Co street tailors, are no a very small margin o Gentlemen do not nee clothing any longer. ernment street and ment. Help to build Victoria.

Somebody's
A well known livery to a drug store a few was by somebody's m tle of Fry's Balsam in draught, which he w he tasted the medicine and although his mou was not seriously inju

Scottish Ho
The Sir William W this city has an enviab hospitality, and it w that there is a happy t when it is known tha the above society ha tions for an "at home their hall on the 5th i

For Northe
The steamer Danub ern ports this evenin freight for the canner and stores, besides a gers. Among the lat Price, J. A. Hopper, Williams, J. H. Noble ster, N. H. Cool, H. lard, D. Carmody, J. Mr. Brewster, G. Lo eby and Miss Lockeby

Customs Col
Customs collection as follows:
Duties.....
Chinese and other revenu
Total.....
Imports, dutiable.....
Imports, free.....
Total.....
Exports, the produce of Ca
Exports, not the produce o
Total.....

Election and In
Waverley Lodge, C the regular meeting he following officers were stalled by D.D.G.M. S. H. Coles, F. G.; A. M S. Floyd, sec.-treas. warden; R. H. Johnson D. Johnson, J. G.; Bro Bro. Anderson, R. S. N Bobers, L. S. N. G.; Br V. G.; Bro. Fraser, L. S was a good attendance terest was shown in the

Union Pacific T
The coupon tickets o cific Railway company by Messrs. Hall, Goepe going to retain the o several years has been Union Pacific agents. cific tickets now outst honored by the Pug Alaska Steamship comp Bunting, who has bee Pacific office for some Hall, Goepel & Comp take charge of the Unio and Mr. C. G. Rawlin agent, goes to Portland

Isaac Tod A
The TIMES correspon er's Pass in a letter rece says:—Isaac Tod, the w man of Plumper's Pas Island wharf on Mond fishing boat under sail land. This boat was p day morning at the en male channel without rowlocks were set and boat is stove in on the badly wrecked. As T turned up fears are en safety. Parties are se to-day. Ike Tod w all over the province.

Wedding
Another of those events took place a parsonage, Quadra s evening. The princ Wallace Langley, the cer of the C. P. N. Louise and Miss Lizzie Coverdale Watson tied Miss Ellen Brun, sup the bride, while Mr. drick acted as best ma party partook of a s

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

Wanted.

$10,000 American silver bar in exchange for boots and shoes at Carmichael & Paterson's, 35 Johnson St.

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

For Strictly Cash.

Choice butter per roll, 50cts; ham per lb, 16cts; bacon from 14 to 16cts per lb; potatoes, per cwt., 90cts. Wm. Eckart, 106 Yates street.

Knights of Pythias.

Far West Lodge, K. of P., meets at their hall this evening.

At to-morrow evening's meeting of Sunset Lodge the charter will be closed.

Society Meetings.

An important meeting of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society will be held this evening. The St. George's Society also has important business to transact at this evening's meeting.

Will Have Good Grounds.

The Victoria Lacrosse club executive held a special meeting yesterday evening, and endorsed the action of the grounds committee. Work is being prosecuted in getting the Caledonian grounds in shape.

Mock Parliament Banquet.

The members of the Mock Parliament held in connection with the Y.M.C.A. during the winter months, banquet in the lecture room of the association this evening. The Honorable members will no doubt have a big time.

A.O.F.

A meeting will be held in the Pioneer Hall, No. 28 Broad street, on Saturday, April 2, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a new court of the Ancient Order of Foresters under the subsidiary High Court of Canada. Brothers of the order and those interested are cordially invited to attend.

Eastern Prices.

D. Campbell & Co., the Government street tailors, are now making suits at a very small margin over eastern prices. Gentlemen do not need to send east for clothing any longer. Call at 88 Government street and verify this statement. Help to build up the business of Victoria. *

Somebody's Mistake.

A well known livery stable man went to a drug store a few evenings ago and was by somebody's mistake given a bottle of Fry's Balsam instead of a black draught, which he wanted. Luckily he tasted the medicine before taking it, and although his mouth was burned he was not seriously injured.

Scottish Hospitality

The Sir William Wallace Society of this city has an enviable reputation for hospitality, and it will be understood that there is a happy time on the tapis when it is known that the members of the above society have issued invitations for an "at home" to be given in their hall on the 5th inst.

For Northern Ports.

The steamer Danube sails for Northern ports this evening with a lot of freight for the canneries, logging camps and stores, besides a number of passengers. Among the latter will be H. M. Price, J. A. Hopper, W. Gordon, J. Williams, J. H. Noble, W. H. Dempster, N. H. Cool, H. Grant, W. J. Pollard, D. Carmody, J. R. Rose, H. Pratt Mr. Brewster, G. Lockeby, Mrs. Lockeby and Miss Lockeby.

Customs Collections.

Customs collections for March were as follows:

Duties	$78,982 61
Chinese and other revenues	13,149 79
Total	$ 923,42 40
Imports, dutiable	$858,571 00
Imports, free	41,698 00
Total	$300,269 00
Exports, the produce of Canada	$ 31,934 00
Exports, not the produce of Canada	8,360 00
Total	$ 40,294 00

Election and Installation.

Waverley Lodge, C.O.O.F., M.U., at the regular meeting held last night the following officers were elected and installed by D.D.G.M. S. J. Wade: J. F. H. Coles, F. G.; A. M. Muir, V. G.; J. S. Floyd, sec.-treas.; John Grice, warden; R. H. Johnson, conductor; P. D. Johnson, J. G.; Bro. Gordon, O. G.; Bro. Anderson, R. S. N. G.; Bro. McBobers, L. S. N. G.; Bro. Grant, R. S. V. G.; Bro. Fraser, L. S. V. G. There was a good attendance and great interest was shown in the proceedings.

Union Pacific Tickets.

The coupon tickets of the Union Pacific Railway company are to be held by Messrs. Hall, Goepel & Co., who are going to retain the office which for several years has been occupied by the Union Pacific agents. All Union Pacific tickets now outstanding will be honored by the Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship company. Mr. C. R. Bunting, who has been in the Union Pacific office for some time will enter Hall, Goepel & Company's office and take charge of the Union Pacific tickets, and Mr. C. G. Rawlings, the general agent, goes to Portland on Tuesday.

Isaac Tod Missing.

The TIMES correspondent at Plumper's Pass in a letter received last evening says:—Isaac Tod, the well known fisherman of Plumper's Pass, left the Mayne Island wharf on Monday evening in his fishing boat under sail for Galiano Island. This boat was picked up on Tuesday morning at the entrance of Trincomale channel without mast or sail. The rowlocks were set and one oar left. The boat is stove in on the port side and badly wrecked. As Tod has not yet turned up fears are entertained for his safety. Parties are searching for him to-day. Ike Tod was well known all over the province.

Wedding Bells.

Another of those ever interesting events took place at the Methodist parsonage, Quadra street, yesterday evening. The principals were Mr. Wallace Langley, the popular first officer of the C. P. N. steamer Princess Louise and Miss Lizzie M. Brinn. Rev. Coverdale Wasson tied the nuptial knot, Miss Ellen Brinn, supporting her sister the bride, while Mr. Charles McKendrick acted as best man. The wedding party partook of a sumptuous supper at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Croft, Bellot street, sister of the bride. The "twain made one" went down the Sound on their honeymoon trip, followed by the congratulations of their friends, who wish them bon voyage on the matrimonial sea.

Standard Works.

See prices in the windows of Kerr & Begg's bookstore this week. *

Consul Reports.

United States Consul Myers is busy preparing his regular quarterly report for presentation to his government. He will also prepare an exhaustive report on the sealing industry within a few days.

Chinese Ceremonies.

The Chinese of the city will turn out en masse on Sunday at the cemeteries where some of their countrymen are buried. The usual ceremonies of burning punks and cooking pigs will be gone through.

Inland Revenue Returns.

The inland revenue returns for the port of Victoria for the month ending March 31st were as follows:

Spirits	$ 7,171 33
Malt	1,107 00
Tobacco	2,510 50
Cigars	931 50
Inspection of petroleum	149 80
	$11,870 13

To Inspect the Lands.

Mr. D. Carmody, one of the party of capitalists that purchased the Sayward mill and timber lands, leaves this evening for Valdez island to inspect the land included in the purchase. He has already seen the lands on the west coast of Vancouver island, but has still a lot of land to cover. He will take a party out with him.

Bound for the Orient.

The steamship Zambesi clears for the Orient this afternoon, proceeding first to Honolulu instead of going by the ordinary route to Japan. She will take 1200 tons of freight, mostly flour, 34 head of cattle and a lot of Chinese passengers. She will pick up a large number of Chinese at Honolulu. There are no white passengers going to the East this trip. The Zambesi now carries a European doctor.

Not Badly Hurt.

Officer Hunter while on his way from Metchosin yesterday, where he had been on duty, met with an accident caused by the horse jumping to the side of the road and capsizing the carriage. The officer was scratched up a little and a gentleman who was in the buggy with him received similar injuries. Officer Hunter's companion when thrown out was stunned and remained unconscious for some time. The horse stood perfectly still so that no one was seriously hurt, which would have been the case had he taken it into his head to bolt.

Gazette Notice.

Notice is given that at a meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria Truck and Dray Company, Limited, it was unanimously resolved that the capital stock be increased from 200 shares of $100 each to 500 shares of $100 each. The amount of capital stock paid in is $20,000 and the whole amount of debts and liabilities $500.

Notice is given that all baggage left on the C.P.N. Co's dock previous to March 15, 1891, and unclaimed at that date will be sold at public auction at George Byrnes' auction rooms on Monday, June 15.

Notice is given of the dissolution of partnership existing between J. C. Beeton and J. H. Turner, the former retiring and being superseded by E. A. Lawrence Kirk.

Nicomen and Richmond municipalities are incorporated by letters patent.

Will Commence Immediately.

As soon as the Legislative Assembly has adjourned and the members no longer need refreshments at the House, the New England restaurant, on Government street, which is presided over by Messrs. M. & L. Young, the caterers for the members, will be closed down temporarily. Tenders will then be called for a handsome four-story and basement building which Messrs. Young Bros. intend to erect on the site now occupied by the restaurant. The plans and specifications prepared by Mr. John Teague are ready and the sooner the House adjourns the sooner work will be commenced on the building. The plans were described in these columns some time ago, and in fact, were ready last year but work was delayed on account of Messrs. Young's contract to supply refreshments at the House. The firm will carry on their bakery business at the corner of Broad and Government streets until their new building is ready when they will have one of the best arranged restaurants on the coast.

A Crazy Woman at Large.

Mrs. Sarah E. White, who some three months ago was sent to the asylum at Westminster from this city, returned to town on Wednesday on a probation of a couple of months, the officers of the asylum considering that it was not necessary that she should be kept in confinement as she is quite rational for lengthy periods. She had been an inmate of the Rescue Home here, and her little child was kept there while the mother was in the asylum. Yesterday evening the woman disappeared with her child. She threw some of her wraps over a fence on Amelia street, and after creating considerable disturbance stole into the kitchen of a house on the corner of Quadra and Pandora streets. Officer Mitten took the woman in charge, providing her lodging at the police station. The child was found in a house on Johnson street this morning. Mrs. White will be sent back to the asylum and the matron of the Home will take charge of the infant.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Three complete lines of fine cut bar glassware at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

TO ARRANGE FOR AN ELECTION.

The Council to Meet To-morrow Morning to Receive Ald. Devlin's Resignation.

Surveyor's Office to Remain Closed Until the Next Meeting of the Council.

Mayor Beaven has called a special meeting of the city council for to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock for the purpose of arranging for an election to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Ald. J. C. Devlin. The statute provides that an alderman who fails to complete his term of office is liable to forfeit $50 for the purpose of defraying election expenses, although that amount will not cover one-third of the cost of an election. It is probable the Council will appoint Saturday the 9th, and Tuesday the 12th, as nomination and election days.

Speaking of the matter this morning, Mayor Beaven said he was sorry that Ald. Devlin had resigned as he made a good alderman. But, of course, he had done so and it could not now be helped.

The city is now without a city surveyor, water commissioner, street commissioner and police magistrate. The latter position will in all probability be left vacant until the new municipal bill now before the House has been settled, and now that Ald. Devlin has resigned, it is probable that the other offices will be filled at the next meeting of the Council. In the meantime the city surveyor's office will have to remain closed, as the aldermen on Wednesday evening refused to pass a by-law authorizing the Mayor to appoint a temporary city surveyor or city engineer as the city surveyor, water commissioner or street commissioner is to be called.

In the report of Wednesday evening's meeting, Ald. Styles was credited with moving the resolution in regard to the widening of View street. It was Ald. McKillican who made the motion.

HOSPITAL SEWERAGE.

The Board not Decided on What System to Adopt.

The Royal Jubilee Trustee Board held a special meeting last night in the Board of Trade rooms to consider the report of the sewerage committee. The members present were: President Davies, Messrs. Flummerfelt, Yates, Hayward, Wilson, Chudley, Brown, Braverman, Byrnes, Shotbolt, and Dr. Richardson.

The sewerage committee submitted the following report:

"Your committee beg to report that they have examined into the drainage system at the hospital, and find the great urgency that exists for some sanitary arrangements regarding solid and liquid sewerage, and that immediate steps must be taken to remedy, at least, the latter.

"We find that it is impossible to have a sewerage system of all the matter by drainage, unless the corporation undertakes the work. Anything done in this matter, unless connection be made with the city sewerage system, costing $43,000, or by cremating, estimated say $4000, must be considered only of a temporary nature.

"We have, through Mr. Mohun, communicated with Mr. Engle as to cost of crematory. A system carrrying away the liquids to Cadboro Bay road, the only outlet available, would cost, owing to much rock and high levels, more than it would be prudent to incur, in view of it being only a temporary relief.

"Your committee recommend that the memorandum and special committee's report of last year upon sewage be again brought forward, and, in their opinion, the best and most effective method will be cremation."

Mr. Byrnes said investigation had shown that a sewer system of drainage would only afford temporary relief, and would in the end prove false economy. The patentee of the Vancouver crematory had been communicated with as to the probable cost of erecting a suitable crematory at the hospital.

Mr. Hayward inquired if the running expenses of the crematory had been considered.

Mr. Byrnes replied that it had. The expenses would be light.

The president was of opinion that $6000 would establish a crematory. The furnaces of this would provide heating for the hospital and also to run the laundry. The question was how was the money to be raised were the crematory system adopted. Would the members give personal security, or would they mortgage the French Hospital property.

Mr. Hayward opposed the crematory system as he considered it too expensive.

Mr. Wilson favored subsurface irrigation. It would be cheap and effective he claimed.

Dr. Richardson disapproved of this system, maintaining that it would pollute the waters of the district and be a cause of disease.

After further discussion it was decided to ask the committee for a further report, with an estimate of cost of such system as was deemed best.

A Handsome Robe.

In the window of Jamieson's store is a very quaint and costly gold embroidered robe that was given to Mrs. Kittie Baldwin, of the Butterfly Company, by His Imperial Highness the Emperor of Japan. It represents a fierce dragon about to attack a palace and devour its inmates. The Dromio or prince is trying to appease the anger of the beast by offering a plate of fruits. The talons of the dragon are real tiger claws and the whole dress is in gold papetrie work and is the only one of its kind that has ever left Japan.

The Warspite.

The Captain of the City of Puebla passed the Warspite at 10 o'clock yesterday morning seven miles below Cape Blanco. The Warspite will reach Esquimalt to-morrow.

Board of Trade.

The quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade was in progress as we go to press. Several important questions were to be taken up.

Arrived at Hong Kong.

HONGKONG, April 1.—The C. P. R. steamer Empress of China, arrived here to-day.

CARPETS

Our stock of Carpets and Window Furnishings is just as complete as it can be. In it every grade and quality worth buying has representation, and you'll find that our prices are as low as you've known or will know this season. Ask us to estimate on the carpets and window furnishings for the home. That'll show how great the advantage by buying from us.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Prof. Baldwin's Butterfly Company at the Victoria Next Week—The Imperial.

THE SHAUGRAUN.

The Imperial Theatre was packed last night to see the favorite Irish drama "The Shaugraun" played by the Berry Company. The play was given a rattling representation and won deserved applause. Geo. Berry as Con had a part that fitted him like his jaunty brogans, and carried off the honors. The other characters were ably sustained, each member showing talent in the part. This great play will be put on again to-night, and to-morrow there will be a matinee and evening performance. At the matinee handsome prizes will be given the youngsters holding the lucky tickets.

COME HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

Professor Baldwin's Butterfly Company will appear at the Victoria on Monday and Tuesday evenings. This is the company's last stand on the American continent, as they have secured tickets for home, London, Eng., and will leave for theare Wednesday morning. Some idea of the merits of this company can be gathered from the following: The Perth News in describing the entertainment given by Professor Baldwin's Butterfly Co. says: "Last night's magnificent house was a great tribute to the skill and talent of Professor Baldwin and his clever company, the building being packed almost to suffocation. Every inch of available sitting and standing room was taken. His Excellency Sir Malcolm Fraser, Lady Fraser and suite were present, and almost everyone of political and social prominence in Perth. The entertainment and the entertainers deserved the grand audience that greeted them, and earned the enthusiastic applause that followed every item presented, from Professor Baldwin's wierd cabinet seance down to the little wooden nigger (Young Nick) which closed the entertainment. Miss Russell, Miss Delroy and Miss Constance were each enthusiastically applauded, while Jem Bell, the Senegambian Serenader, kept the house ringing with merriment until the audience were exhausted with laughter.

OPENING ON THE STREET

TO THE EDITOR:—Having to pass back and forward to my work along Pembroke street, I have on many occasions to step down from the sidewalk on account of two large gates, swinging directly across it. A few nights ago I was pushed into the middle of the road owing to one of these gates opening suddenly. This, I understand, is contrary to the by-law, and the sooner the nuisance is abated the better. Perhaps our worthy friend Superintendent of Police Sheppard, can enlighten us on the subject, or the police committee could explain. A WORKINGMAN.

Will Investigate.

The authorities do not place much reliance in the report about a wrecked schooner at Cape Cook, but as the matter has been reported to them, the moment the Quadra arrives this afternoon Captain Gaudin will receive instructions to proceed to Cape Cook and investigate the matter and report. The Quadra was at Nanaimo this forenoon and left for Victoria about noon.

Opened.

The British Columbia Medico-Electric Institute and Turkish Baths, corner of Broad and Yates street, are again in full operation with Dr. W. E. Bergman as manager. The baths are open from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. *

Trout Fishing.

Season opens on the 15th. For fine fishing tackle go to Fox's 78 Govt. St.

The Latest.

Photographs on handkerchiefs, book marks, etc., will not break, wash out or fade, see samples at Jones & Co., 60 Yates street.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

THE RUDGE.

A marvel of beauty, strength, lightness and speed. The choice of Canadian wheelmen. See and believe. C. A. GODSON, 46½ Yates street. m21-1m Agent.

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, abinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, ables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of urios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST

THE ABOVE MARK IS KNOWN

TO PRINTERS AS A TURN RULE.
WE NEVER TURN OUR RULE,
BUT KEEP ON IN THE SAME TRACK
EVERY YEAR.

"THE VERY BEST FOR CASH"

CAMERON'S MOTTO TO-DAY—
CAMERON'S MOTTO FOR YEARS PAST—
CAMERON'S MOTTO ALL THE TIME.

McLENNAN & McFEELY

HAVE REMOVED

TO CORNER OF

Government and Johnson Sts.

With a full line of

House Furnishing Goods

JUBILEE RANGES

Stoves, Tinware, Electric and Gas Fixtures and Globes.

MANTELS, TILES,

And the finest and cheapest line of GRATES ever seen in this city.

KASLO CITY

The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is specified for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS

WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.

Call or send for further particulars.

—THE—

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Corner Yates and Government Streets

(UPSTAIRS)

is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.

Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

The township of Burford has defeated the local option by-law by a majority of 38.

Blackader's lumber mills at Hectanooga, near Digby, N. S., have been burned; loss $35,000, partiall insured.

Rudyard Kipling, the well known author, passed through Winnipeg to Banff, thence to British Columbia and India.

The nomination for Carleton county, N. B., for the House of Commons are, Dr. Colter, Liberal, and D. McLeod Vince, Conservative.

A brother of N. Garant, who died some time ago in California leaving a fortune of $100,000 without any known heirs, has been found residing in Etchimin, Levis county.

The libel suit instituted by Mr. Mercier during the elections against La Presse, was dismissed in the Court of Queen's Bench at Montreal yesterday, as the charge was not pushed.

There is not much change in the condition of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie; his vitality is the wonder of his medical attendants, but they have no hopes that he will live longer than a day or two.

In Bowmanville yesterday the Upper Canada Furniture factory and its old office, the dry kiln and George Moses' frame building across the road were burned. The loss is $30,000, partly insured.

Mr. Ives has introduced a bill in Parliament to enable the holders of stock of incorporated companies to transfer the same without the delay of sending to the head office and getting new certificates.

It is announced that the linseed oil dealers of Ontario have formed a combine in conjunction with the Montreal combine to advance the price of that commodity, which has already advanced considerably.

Mr. J. C. Forbes, R.C.A., whose picture of Mr. Gladstone was pronounced by Mrs. Gladstone the best she had ever seen, has been commissioned by Cornell University to paint a portrait of the architect of its new buildings.

The engineer injured in the railway accident at Hull died yesterday morning. The jury in the case of the fireman killed brought in a verdict severely censuring the Canadian Pacific Railway company for not having sufficient help at Hull station.

Word has been received that the Emperor of Germany has presented a collection of some 480 volumes to the library of Toronto University. They consist for the most part of valuable works selected from duplicates of all the Prussian state libraries.

Charles G. Creelman of Digby, N.S., has been arrested for fraudulently obtaining goods from Phillip J. Gough, who was failing. Gough admits that Creelman got $3000 worth of goods from him for $800 cash, and that he and Creelman burned his books.

The new Quebec Government has discharged from the Quebec court house seventeen employees, consisting of clerks, door-keepers, firemen and engineers. It has also passed an order in council abolishing the positions of superintendents of the rangers.

The annual exodus of French Canadians to the United States has commenced, and people are leaving Quebec province by thousands to seek work in the neighboring republic. It is asserted that the parishes of the lower St. Lawrence are being literally depopulated.

The London Free Press tells of a slick-tongued swindler who is abroad among the farmers selling them 25-pound cans of coffee for a ridiculously small sum. When the farmer gets his can he finds that instead of coffee he has some nicely browned navy beans with a little coffee essence poured over them.

The tide of immigration has set in strongly already this season. Each incoming steamer lands hundreds of well clothed, sturdy men, women and children seeking homes in the Northwest. Each year the class of immigrants has been improving on the previous year, until the present season, when it would appear to be that the best new blood is being attracted to the Dominion.

The municipal committee of the Ontario Legislature has arranged the Assessment Act so that incomes under $700 shall be exempt altogether; incomes between $700 and $1000 shall be taxed only for the excess over $700, and incomes of $1000 are exempt only up to $400. Under the previously existing law incomes of over $700 were exempt only up to $400, and incomes over $1000 were not exempt at all.

Hon. James Ryan, president of the New Brunswick Legislative Council, died last night, after five days' illness. His death was a great surprise. Both Houses immediately adjourned upon receipt of the news. Mr. Ryan was born in King's county in March, 1821, and was warden of the county Albert. He sat in the House of Assembly from the general election of 1870 until appointed to the Upper Chamber in 1878. He was politically a Liberal.

Hon. George Irvine met with a painful accident in Quebec. He was walking down Garden street, when a quantity of snow and ice fell from the roof of a house opposite the English cathedral and knocked him senseless to the ground. He was picked up and it was found that with the exception of several bruises on his head and a severe shaking he was not injured, but was confined to his room for a few days.

The supplementary estimates for the current fiscal year were brought down at Ottawa yesterday and amount to $897,000. The votes include the amount to pay salaries of Hon. A. M. Burgess, deputy minister of the interior, and Henry Pereira and Mr. Turner of the same department, during the time they were suspended. The legislation of $179,000 is on account of the long session last year. About $95,000 is to complete the census; $5000 is donated for an exhibit at the World's Columbian exhibition, and $5000 additional for the working expenses of the Esquimalt graving dock.

The annual report of the Minister of Inland Revenue shows that the total amount of revenue accrued last year verged on $7,000,000, a decrease of $800,000, as compared with 1890. The principal decrease was in the revenue from spirits, which amounted to over $1,000,000. The quantity of spirits produced, last year, was 4,397,000 gallons, proof, as compared with 5,000,000 previously. The amount entered for consumption showed a correspondingly large decrease. On July 1, last, the distillers were holding 12,500,000 gallons of spirits in stock, the largest quantity ever held in the Dominion.

The Dominion Millers' Association has decided to apply for incorporation at the present session of the Dominion Parliament. It passed a resolution asking for legislation making it compulsory that various kinds of wheat in the Dominion, or that may hereafter be introduced for seed purposes, shall be examined by a board appointed for that purpose, whose duty it shall be to determine the names by which such various seeds shall be known throughout the Dominion and to describe them as fully as possible, both as regards the grain and its nature and growth, in order that it may readily be distinguished from any other variety so far as possible. The board of examiners is to consist of one or more professors of agriculture who may be appointed by the Government and two or more members of the Dominion Millers' Association. Another resolution condemed the cultivation of spring wheat.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

The Office of Cardinal Likely to be Given Him by the Pope.

The Archbishop of St. Paul may return from Rome a Cardinal. Conflicting reports on the subject are received by cable, but there is no question of the

favor in which he is held by that astute statesman the Pope, and of his being the foremost representative of the American type of Catholicism. He works with other churches than his own in promoting social and moral reforms, and last year under his administration the parochial schools of Fairbault and Stillwater were transferred to the Boards of Education to use in whatever way they saw fit in providing for the Catholic children "the benefits that result from an American training in all that the name implies." The Archbishop was born at Burnchurch, county Kilkenny, Ireland, in 1838. He was a small boy when his parents emigrated to America. They settled at St. Paul, Minn., where he received his early education at the Cathedral school. In 1853 he went to France, where he attended college and studied theology He returned to America in 1861 and was ordained. In 1865 he was consecrated a coadjutor bishop. The next year he attended the Vatican Council. He was consecrated Bishop of St. Paul in 1875 and Archbishop in 1888. Under his superintendence great schemes of colonization have been carried out in the Northwest. He is an earnest temperance advocate, and as such has attended numerous meetings in Great Britain and Ireland, as well as in America. He is an able controversialist, a leader in the diffusion of church and general literature and a citizen of whom Minnesota and the nation are justly proud.

FROM GOLDEN CARIBOO.

New Era of Mining---New Devices for Saving Fine Gold.

Mr. A. McNaughton, manager for the Hudson Bay Company at Quesnelle, Cariboo, and Mr. Louis Sampson, manager of the Fine Gold Company, arrived in the city last night. Indications point, Mr. McNaughton says, to a new era of development in gold mining in Cariboo this year. Latest advices from England indicate that the English syndicate contemplating the re-working of Williams Creek by hydraulic lift will begin operations this year. The Slough Creek scheme and the working of other deep ground in the vicinity of Williams Creek by modern machinery, and the extensive operations carried on along the South Fork of the Quesnelle, all practically new works, are certainly encouraging.

Mr. Louis Sampson is the owner and patentee of two new gold-saving machines, and spent last season in looking over Cariboo with the object of introducing his machinery into some of the rivers and diggings in that district. His machines are particularly adapted for saving fine gold. The principal machine is a box apparatus which is devised for catching fine gold in swift running streams. All that is needed is to place it in the bed of the stream and it works away itself, and its owner claims that it will catch every particle of gold from the finest flake to the largest nugget that may be moved along the stream. The second device is for sluice boxes, at the end of which are works catching the light gold which would otherwise be lost. This machine was subjected to a test in which a $20 gold piece was filed into fine particles, mixed in 300 pounds of sand and dirt, and rushed through a sluice box with a strong current of water. The machine caught $19.50 of the gold, and Mr. Sampson says he can adjust the machine to catch every particle.

The Fine Gold Company propose working these machines in the gold fields of New Caledonia district this year, in the neighborhood of Stewart's Lake, where the gold is so fine that it cannot be worked very profitably by ordinary processes. Mr. Sampson and Mr. McNaughton will make arrangements while here to have the machines shipped by the Hudson Bay Company up the coast and accross to Stewart's Lake from Hazelton.

Razors, strops and complete line of shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Govt. St

JOHN CORT MARRIED.

He and "Mrs. John Cort" Made Legally One By Justice Rivers.

On Tuesday night John Lindsley White, better known in this city as John Cort, was married by Justice Claudius M. Rivers to Mary Louise Deverschere, commonly called Mrs. Cort.

The wedding is the sequel of a quarrel, which during the mouths of last June and July was the reigning sensation in the courts here. Both of the persons concerned have had checkered and in some sense romantic lives. Mary Louise Deverschere began her matrimonial career in 1877 when at the ripe age of 13, she married Geneross Lapier, or Geneross Napoleon, at Norfolk, Va. After a month of wedded bliss, she and Lapier parted by mutual consent. She went on the variety stage and in Chicago in 1883 met John Lindsley White whose stage name is John Cort. The year before he had married an actress, Mollie Rice, from whom he had procured what he supposed was a legal divorce. Finally on October 29, 1884, John Cort and Mary Deverschere were married at Minneapolis by Rev. F. T. Wheeler. After that they lived together as man and wife; and in the course of their theatrical wanderings they came to Seattle in 1887. Here John Cort became fairly well known, and at last opened the notorious Standard theatre. In 1888, having learned that his divorce from Mollie Rice was illegal, he procured a second one at Tacoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Cort, as they were known here, did not live together in great felicity, and in the spring of 1891 the attentions paid by a Charles Thorndyke to the woman caused a violent quarrel. On one evening Cort came home with some friends, and finding Thorndyke in the house, they stripped him, cut his clothes to pieces and horsewhipped him.

On the evening of June 8, 1891, Cort took his supposed wife driving, and when they returned their two children, John Edward White, a boy of three, and Harry William Lindsley White, aged 2, were missing, for Cort had thoughtfully arranged to have his sister, Mrs. Eagles, take them to Portland. The matter was then brought into the courts. Mrs. Cort applied for a mandamus to compel Cort to return the children; and Cort applied for a divorce, charging her with adultery. After several days of hearings in court, during which much unsavory testimony was taken, the matter was compromised by giving the custody of the children to Mrs. Eagles, who lives near Renton. The question whether Cort was legally married to Mrs. Cort was not settled, but the court directed him to pay her $40 a month for a year, at the end of which period the case would come up again.

Cort has lately been living in Victoria, but he has spent the last week in Seattle. Neither he nor Mrs. Cort could be found last night, but a friend of the woman said a marriage had been performed for the sake of the children. This friend further volunteered the information that Cort had failed to pay the $40 alimony.—P.I.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents. *

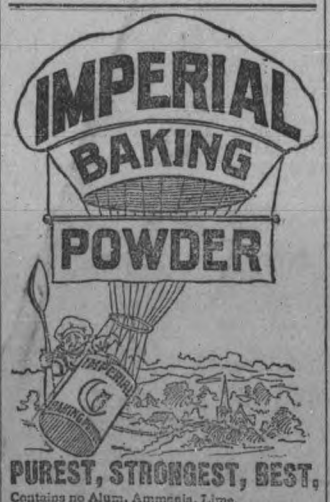
Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

nnie Warnock, 240 Sackville St., Toronto.

Was the fortunate person to secure the elegant Gold Watch from the Ladies' Pictorial Weekly's (of Toronto Ontario,) Prize Competition for Wednesday. Watches and other prizes given away daily. Send two three cent stamps for particulars.

A large assortment of lace and art curtains, art muslins, cretonnes, etc., at Weiler Bros. *



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TO LEASE.

UPON A FIVE OR TEN YEARS' TERM, the well-known brewery, goodwill and plant, and also the residence adjoining the brewery, now owned by Mrs. A. J. Bunster, and situated on Johnson street, Victoria, for the reasonable rental of $110 per month, the lessee to pay the annual taxes thereon. Possession to be given on the 1st of August, 1892. Early applications are solicited, as the owner intends leaving this coast for a home in New York city at an early date. All applications to be directed to Mrs. A. J. Bunster, 414 Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco, and will receive prompt attention. fc22-tf

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Sciatica, Burns,
Sprains, Frost-Bites,
NEURALGIA.

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RESERVE FUND.....6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,37

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A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

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NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,
Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

NEWBIGGING & ANDERSON, B.C. NOVELTY WORKS

105 DOUGLAS STREET.

Sewing Machines, Lawn Mowers, Bicycles, and light machinery of all kinds repaired. Stamps and Dies made to order. All work guaranteed. Estimates given on models. mh14-1m

FOR SALE ON THE FRASER RIVER, 160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to D. W. SUTHERLAND, Mt. Lehman, B.C. fy13-tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAMES ALLISON—Late proprietor of the Caledonian Dye Works, has removed the Paisley Dye Works to 116 Yates street, where he will be glad to be visited by his old customers. Ladies' and Gents' clothing cleaned and dyed. Silks and fancy dyeing and steam finishing a specialty. mh4

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

AT THE REGULAR MEETING of this Society to be held at the Society Hall on Wednesday, 6th April next, at 8 p.m. a motion will be made to amend article No. 3 of the constitution, in addition to regular business. A full attendance of members is requested.
By order THOS. FLEWIN, President.
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. mar14-td

THE VERDICT

All advertisers indorse the TIMES as the best advertising medium.

Are you in it?

B.C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Friday, 1st April next, at 8 p.m. Special business of great importance will be considered in addition to election of officers. A full attendance of members is requested.
By order,
GEORGE FAIRBROTHER, President.
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. mh14-td

TRAM STOCK FOR SALE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 p.m. Saturday April 9th, 1892, for the purchase of two hundred and sixty shares in the National Electric Tramway Co., Victoria. Tenders for the whole or in blocks as per certificate of 100 shares, 65 shares, 55 shares, 40 shares'
THOMAS HOOPER,
Over Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria. m22-td

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 6th day of April next at 4 p.m. for laying three stone crossings in this city.

Specifications may be seen on and after Friday, the 25th inst., at the office of the City Surveyor.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, March 24, 1892. mh24

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.
S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.
Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT,

Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block. ap22

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY
(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY MASON, CUYLER HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE
as Sergeant Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS

Self-Raising Patent Flour

Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for

BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,

Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.

For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Rancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is a invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc. Only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,

IT -:- CANNOT -:- BE -:- SURPASSED.
fa18-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned for the erection and completion of the

Board of Trade Building

on or before Friday, 22nd April, proximo, at 12 o'clock noon.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
Architect.
Turner Building, Douglas street. m31td

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW

My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.

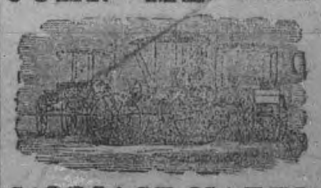
PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES
—AND—
Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse

G. A. McTAVISH,
Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman. 9 Par Road, Victoria.

NOTICE.

HAVING ACQUIRED ALL THE STOCK and interest of the Vancouver Island Land and Investment Co., Limited, the business will in future be carried on in my own name.
mh5-1m HENRY CROFT.

JOHN MESTON



CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Fando streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

JAPANESE GOODS

You should see the cute curios and pretty ornaments in the

NEW JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Twenty per cent. discount on all goods for two weeks only.

J. M. NAGANO & CO.
90 DOUGLAS ST.

FRAUDULENT PICTURES.

Spurious Canvases Palmed Off on Credulous People.

Whole Car Loads of Counterfeit Art Disposed of in the Leading Cities of This Country—A Huge Swindle.

Within a month there was a picture sale in New York simply incredible in its thievish audacity, says the Collector on the subject of fraudulent pictures. It was a long line of forgeries of well-known and often-famous names. It was extensively advertised. The licensed auctioneer indorsed it. The pictures belonged to a knavish foreigner who runs his artistic bunco game in the respectable neighborhood of Madison square. Formerly, I believe, this rogue had his forgeries painted in Paris, where he has an artistic connection.

I am told that he now has them executed here, and so saves himself the duty at the custom house. He even grudges the country the small tax it levies on his swindle. Instead of importing his forgeries he imports his compatriots to execute them. They grind the mill around the corner from Fifth avenue, instead of in the garrets of Montmarte, and the Batignolles. Nor are his frauds confined to New York. They are spread by his agents over the whole country, and especially in the west, where whole cargoes of counterfeit art are unloaded at job-lot prices. The last time I was in Chicago, I heard a big board of trade man pricing pictures in a gallery.

"Four thousand dollars for that Diaz?" he exclaimed, "why, I bought one from Soandoso last week for four hundred dollars, and it was twice the size."

I do not believe in these impeccable gentlemen who stroll around a gallery denouncing this, that and t'other as fraudulent and false at a glance. I never met one of them who could satisfy me that he had any greater proofs than his own conceit to support him. To detect a forgery in art a man must be more than a casual critic, and he will not make his decisions off-hand like a criticism of a comic song. The most expert of experts is fallible, anyhow, and when pictures are turned out as, for instance, the French painters of the 1830 school turned them out, by contract, so to speak, the bad with the good, the worthless with the gems, all given currency by the magic of a famous name, it becomes a matter of impossibility to render a decision except in cases of the most flagrantly apparent fraud.

I know a great many canvases of this imprint that I would not hang on my wall as gifts, but I do not take it upon myself to say that these latter are counterfeits, even did I think so. It is sufficient for me that they are artistically worthless, and but for the painters' names would not sell for the value of average native work in a public sale. There are pictures by Corot, Diaz, Rousseau, etc., in many collections which show how well these great men could paint when they chose. But the greatest men have done, and ever will do, work unworthy of them—experiments which they are not satisfied with themselves, sketches made as memoranda and left as such. The artist dies. His accumulations are sold.

And the next thing we know they are put upon the market.

There is only one point about a great deal of this posthumous rubbish that is really suspicious—this is that so much of it is signed. Artists do not make a practice of signing their sketches or their incomplete works. Who, then, signs them? The mere fact that they are signed would go far to show that their market is intrinsic, and dependent on the name of the artist rather than the quality of his art. If a work of art sells on its merits, the question of authorship is of no consequence, and all our doubts do not lessen the selling value of the picture.

Wherever the picture fraud goes he leaves a dirty trail. One after another he has used up the eastern cities so that each season finds him further westward. Not only does he prey upon the public on his own account, but he spoils the market for others. A couple of years back, for example, Pittsburgh was a fine art market. A rich and cultured city, just going in for art, she afforded honest dealers an opportunity well worth advantaging by. The buzzard drummer scented the feast and swooped down upon it, with his job-lot fine arts and his cut price list. Ask any dealer what sort of a market Pittsburgh is to-day. The most knowing collectors there now come to New York to buy. The others do not buy any more. The big cities in the interior of New York state tell the same tale, and it is repeated in Washington and in Chicago. There is one case in the latter city, in which a batch of pictures was sold for about thirty thousand dollars to a newly-made collector by rule of cash. If these pictures had been genuine, in the size and of the quality claimed for them, they could not have been bought at even a Seney auction for less than double the money, and would have sold at private sale right here in New York for three times as much. Yet the buyer congratulates himself on his bargain.

A Queer Old Law.

A new old toll bridges down in Maine bear signs that perpetuate the memory of a curious law. These signs proclaim that all persons, save "paupers, Indians and clergymen," must pay toll in crossing the bridge. The indulgence shown to paupers and clergymen is easily understood from the practice elsewhere, but why the Indians were exempted is not so clear, unless, indeed, it was a recognition of the aboriginal right to the freedom of the region.

Civilization Extending.

A striking illustration of the spread of civilization occurs among the Maoris of Poverty Bay. A quarrel arose between two chiefs, Pini and Tuta, which, being restrained with difficulty from taking the old form of bloodshed, has been taken to court by regular summons. A printing press has also been set up in the King country to report the sitting of the first Maori parliament.

CALCULATED TO CHEER.

"I LOOKS like a tramp, ma'am," he said, "but I ain't. I'm a sailor, ma'am. I was wrecked and washed ashore." "You ain't been washed since, I'll wager," said the unsympathetic woman.—Epoch.

PERFECTLY FAIR.—Miss Van Wrinkle—"What! Six hundred dollars for that antique? Why, that's just twice as much as you asked for it a month ago." Salesman—"But, madam, it's just twice as old as it was then."—N. Y. Sun.

"I HAVE saved you from drowning," said the gallant rescuer. "As a reward I ask your hand." "Oh! give me time to think, George." "How long, how long?" "At least till I get dry."—Philadelphia Times.

"SO THEY sent your poem back?" "Yes, but the editor gave me a very favourable criticism." "What did he say?" "He said he was glad to see that I had at last learned to write only on one side of the paper."—Washington Star.

"SALLY, what would your father like to have me give him for a Christmas present?" "Well, James, he was saying this morning at the breakfast table that his gas bill receipted for the last quarter would please him more than anything else in the world, except our marriage."—Boston Gazette.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

SOFA pillows are embroidered in gold.

TINY silver chairs have plush seats, and are used for pincushions.

SLEEVE buttons representing golden ears of corn are popular.

PALE yellow is one of the prettiest shades for evening dresses.

BODICES are still much trimmed, only a few perfectly plain ones being seen.

A SLIGHT drapery is usual on most skirts, just giving ease across the top of the front.

BOWS OF ribbon, braid, lace, chiffon and large buttons are used as waist trimmings.

FASHION now equally favors two styles, the quite tight and the half-fitting jacket.

CRAPE-FINISHED china silk, in designs of stripes of a single color, or in contrast, is an inexpensive fabric for charming house dresses, tea-gowns and evening dresses.

TAILOR-MADE gowns should be made and pressed very nicely, in order to prove satisfactory, while the plain fitting basques are not so much worn as those with open fronts, that hang light over a blouse-like vest.

THE MAKERS OF BOOKS.

RUDYARD KIPLING is engaged to be married to the sister of Wolcott Balestier, the young American novelist, who died at Dresden recently.

ÆSOP, whose fables have been read for more than 2,000 years, was born 620 years before Christ. He was a slave in the island of Samos, Greece.

ALPHONSO DAUDET is quite feeble and has nearly lost his eyesight. His devoted wife is working at his dictation at a novel called "La Doulon."

MRS. EMMA D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH will turn aside from fiction this year to write "A Child's Life of Our Saviour," a work which, as the author says, "has lain near my heart for many years."

GEN. LEW WALLACE has received more than $100,000 in royalties for the sale of "Ben Hur." Fully 470,000 copies of the famous novel have been disposed of at $1.50 each, of which the author's royalty is 15 per cent.

DOINGS AT A DISTANCE.

DENMARK as well as Germany has established a system of pensions for superannuated workmen.

THE sultan has prohibited Turkish women from wearing French costumes in the streets of Constantinople.

MADAGASCAR people work twenty-five days in a year and make enough then to support them in idleness the rest of the time.

READING, Eng., is known as Biscuitopolis, because of the location there of George Palmer's big biscuit factory in which five thousand persons are employed.

HORSE flesh seems to be at a discount in New Zealand. Recently at Waipawa, Hawke's Bay, a bunch of twenty-nine horses, mostly young and unbroken, only realized two hundred dollars, some of the animals being knocked down at about two dollars each.

A FEW ART NOTES.

HENRY S. KITSON, the young Englishman, who has been selected to make a statue of Farragut for Boston, is only twenty-eight years of age.

SIR FREDERICK LEIGHTON has consented to act as chairman of the fine arts section of the royal commission for the Chicago exhibition.

MISS HARRIET HOSMER, the sculptor, is to receive $25,000 for her work "Queen Isabella of Castile," which is to be unveiled at the opening of the women's department of the world's fair.

ROSA BONHEUR has finished the largest animal picture ever painted. It is called "Le Depiquage," and represents ten horses, large as life, trotting over the thrashing floor still used in parts of southern Europe. She has declined $60,000 for the picture.

LAST OF THE CENSUS.

COLORADO'S assessed valuation in 1880 was $74,471,693; in 1890 it was $188,911,325.

THE larger cities in our country are: New York, 1,513,501; Chicago, 1,098,576; Philadelphia, 1,044,894.

SUPERINTENDENT PORTER estimates the cost of the last census at eleven cents for each person. A good many of those enumerated are not worth the cost.

IN 1855 the United States produced 784,000 tons of pig iron; in 1870 the product was 1,865,000; in 1880 it was 3,835,000; in 1890 it was 9,202,703 tons.

THE United States census reports of stock give these figures: 14,056,750 horses; 2,206,532 mules; 16,019,591 cows; 36,875,648 oxen and cattle; 43,431,136 sheep; 50,625,106 swine.

The New Germania.

The new Germania, in the basement corner Government and Johnson Sts., has free lunch, imported and domestic cigars. Come and try them.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an INFANTS' FOOD. Ask your grocer for it.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, APRIL 4 AND 5

PROF. S. S. BALDWIN'S

Butterfly Co.

THE FUNNIEST SHOW ON EARTH.

Each artist is absolutely the best in his or her line. No company in Europe is to-day giving so novel an entertainment, while the experiments in

HYPNOTIC SOMNAMBUMANCY

Are not given by any other people on earth and are presented only by

MRS. KITTIE BALDWIN

And have been witnessed by more than one thousand prominent clergymen.

These experiments are of the most absorbing interest and fairly astound the skeptical. People in the audience merely think of any question to which they require an answer. These questions are kept entirely to themselves and not mentioned to the performers in any way. The Clairvoyante, while in the hypnotic-trance state, correctly answers these secret queries, and then states the question itself, which is known only to the person desiring the reply. The Clairvoyante tells of past, present and future events; deaths, murders, robberies, fires, weddings; of lost and stolen goods. She tells the residences of absent people and if they are alive or dead, and gives such accurate descriptions that all are hushed into dumb bewilderment. Prof. Baldwin has exhibited these marvelous experiments before Her Majesty the Queen, the Prince of Wales and the Royal Family.

Admission 50c., 75c. and $1. Reserved seats at Jamieson's bookstore. mh31-5t

IMPERIAL THEATRE.

MALLANDAINE & BURNER, PROPRIETORS
GEO. BERRY, MANAGER.

SUCCESS! SUCCESS!! SUCCESS!!!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

"THE SHAUGHRAUN"

A romantic Irish drama in three acts, by Dion Boucicault, with correct costumes and stage settings. Special feature—St Bridget's Abbey by Moonlight.

TO THE PUBLIC:—I wish it known that I have taken the management of this cosy little Theatre; that I have complete control; that everything will be carried on in a business-like way. Every production will be exactly as I advertise. I shall always endeavor to please the Public, whose servant I am, and humbly ask its patronage. GEO. BERRY.

POPULAR PRICES—25c., 35c., 50c. Remember the PRESENT given away at our Saturday Matinee. Prices—25c. and 35c.; Children 15c.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

We have been instructed for the benefit of the creditors to sell the whole stock of

FANCY GOODS

TOYS, NOTIONS, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

The whole to be sold without reserve

AT 109 DOUGLAS ST.

—ON—

FRIDAY, APRIL 1st, AT 2 P.M.

M. MARKS & CO.,
m31-tf Auctioneers.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

GOVERNMENT SALE

—OF—

121 LOTS 121

—IN THE TOWN OF—

NELSON

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27th,

Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

Terms of Sale—¼ cash, ¼ six months, ¼ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mh11-td Auctioneer.

CURTAINS CLEANED.

NO MORE RAGGED CURTAINS. Have your lace curtains cleaned equal to new by French system. Reasonable rates, according to size. Those wishing curtains called for, please send postal to MRS. McLEAN,
mh31-1m No. 24 Rithet St.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early the present year, has already become a favorite fuel domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all stages of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $650.
19.—140 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 20 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—130 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $400 and $500 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1200, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 E. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74, Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms

SNAPS:

4.—For rent or sale, superior-built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 60x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $50 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

FARM TO LET.

Rosebank Farm, North Saanich

Containing 300 acres, of which 130 (more or less) are under cultivation, fine Orchard, Dwelling, Barns and other outbuildings. Immediate possession.

RENT $600 PER ANNUM.

APPLY TO

Lowenberg, Harris & Co.
mh2-1m

Argyle House

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Staple Stock Now Complete.

Lace Curtains, taped and scalloped, from 50c a pair.

White Honeycomb Quilts, 95c each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, full size, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, large size, $1.50 and $2 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, extra large, extra heavy, $2.50 each.

Marsailles Quilts in all sizes at various prices.

DRESS GOODS.

All Wool French Debeiges, 40 inches wide, 45c per yard.

French Cashmeres, full assortment of colors, 46 in. wide, 65c per yard.

French Estamene Serges, all wool, 40 inches wide, 50c per yard.

SPECIAL VALUE.

All Wool Serges, in black and colors, 25c per yard.

J. Horner & Co.

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.

The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.

We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

27 FORT ST.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
m29-tf 55 Third street, Victoria.

THE

JAPANESE BAZAAR

Make your gardens and houses really

CHARMING!

Buy and plant at once

JAPAN LILY BULBS

Dwarf Shrubs, Chestnut, Persimmon, Cherry Trees and

DOUBLE TREE PÆONIES

Just imported in fine condition, by

T. S. FUTCHER,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE:

The Fast Trotting Horse

"SILVERTAIL"

Record 2:31¼, got in a race on the Prairie Park track, Winnipeg, against such good horses as "Sharper" 2:19¾, "Sleepy Jim" and "Idaho." Since then he has been used as a driver. Has shown trials in 2:23 on mile track; can trot a half-mile track with six weeks' handling in 2:26 or better.

The owner will sell cheap as he is retiring from the trotting horse business. For particulars apply to

R. F. TOLMIE,
mh7-1m 16 Trounce avenue, Victoria, B.C.

MUNICIPAL.

Dog Tax for Year 1892

THE OWNERS OF ALL DOGS within the limits of the city of Victoria are requested to call at my office and pay the Tax on same.

Dogs for which the Tax has not been paid, on and after this date will be impounded according to the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.

City Treasurer and Collector's office,
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., March 8th, 1892.

"THE GLOBE"

Oyster and Chop House

42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

VINCENT A. HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

WASHBURN

Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers in volume and quality of tone are THE BEST IN THE WORLD. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated souvenir catalogue with portraits of famous artists will be Mailed FREE.

LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

CHICKEN FENCING.

WOVEN LATH AND WIRE.

Four feet high and only 18 cents per yard.

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

Corner Government and Johnson Sts.
mh9-1m

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. BOX 683.

JOSEPH SEARS

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c

114 YATES STREET

NOTICE

COMMENCING TUESDAY, MARCH 15TH, the steamer "City of Seattle" will be laid up for repairs, being succeeded on the Whatcom Route by the steamer "Premier." On the same date the steamer "Eliza Anderson" will be taken off the Everett Route.

G. G. CHANDLER,
mh17-ap1 G. F. & P. A.

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au29-tf

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

INVESTMENTS

$850—One improved lot on Oak Bay avenue on easy terms.
$1425—Three lots on Chestnut street, close to the car line.
$2500—Two lots on Grant street, West Fernwood.
$600—One lot on Fernwood road, on easy terms.
$600—One lot on King's road, 135 feet frontage.
$800—One lot on Market street, close to corner of Market and Fisgard.
$1250—One lot in Michigan street, James Bay.
$3600—Large 10-roomed residence on Oak Bay avenue.
$2250—Six-roomed house on Cormorant street.
$200—An acre, for good land, in blocks of one, five and ten acres, within easy distance of town.
$700—One lot on Fourth street, Work Estate.
$2000—An acre, for one, two or three acres, situate on St. Charles street.
$1350—An acre, for one or two acres, situate between Oak Bay and Cowan avenues. Suitable for subdivision.
$315—One choice lot on Boleskine road, Cloverdale, within five minutes' walk of the car line.
$1150—A small 4-roomed cottage on Fort street, on easy terms of payment.
$300—One large lot on Hurlen street, close to car line.

BARCLAY LOTS

Are to-day selling at $105 for inside lots and $115 for corners. Terms ¼ cash, balance in three and six months.

We have houses for sale in all sections of the city.

TO LET.

A 6-roomed house on Randall street.....$18 00
Two 5-roomed houses on Centre road..... 12 00
Two 5-roomed houses on South road..... 12 00
Two 7-roomed houses on Oak Bay avenue..... 17 50
One bakery on Spring Ridge..... 7 00
Also a corner store, Fernwood road..... 12 00

TO BREWERS:

We have a brewery and residence to lease for a term of years, at a low rental and centrally located.

PAGE & MacGREGOR

18--Trounce Avenue--18

NOTARIES PUBLIC. CONVEYANCERS.

R. F. TOLMIE. F. S. FINDLEY. G. A. COOPER.

TOLMIE LAND CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO G. A. COOPER)

16—TROUNCE AVENUE—16

HOUSES FOR SALE.

Five-room House and Lot, Dallas road.....$2750
Ten-room House and Lot, James Bay..... 3500
Six-room Cottage and Lot, Bodwell street.... 1500
Two-story, eight-room House, James Bay, leased for $27 per month. A fine investment. Only..... 2850

SOME FINE BUSINESS LOTS on Government, Douglas, Yates and Fort streets, which we can recommend as first-class bargains.

ACREAGE.

We have some choice acreage on the Tolmie Estate, three minutes from street car, at $900 and upwards. Ask for terms.

Half-acre lots between the Gorge and Burnside roads, at $750, on easy terms.

Acreage at Gordon Head, $150 per acre.

Fifteen acres fronting Victoria Arm, $5250.

Our list of Farms and Ranches is the most complete in the city, and we invite your inspection.

SPECIAL We have just had subdivided the 4½ acre block surrounded by Hillside avenue, King's road, Fifth and Sixth streets, giving to each lot a double frontage, and which we are offering at $550 and upwards, on very easy terms.

DUPED THE PUBLIC.

An Alleged Boxing Match Which Turns Out to be a Walking Contest.

The so-called boxing contest "for scientific points" last night at the Victoria between Foster of this city and a man named Reid, claiming Portland as his headquarters, was the most wretched exhibition of that kind ever perpetrated on any audience in this city. From an athletic standpoint the conduct of the two men was simply disgusting. They stood off, pawed the air, pranced around aimlessly and each seemed in mortal fear of being tapped by the big pillows on his opponent's hands. The one was afraid to, and the other dared not strike. Throughout the whole ten, sleepy rounds there was not one good, clear, manly blow struck or attempted. It was a kind of cat's pawing and loutish swinging that expended itself generally in the air. A powerful microscope would have been required to see where the science came in. Instead of standing up easily and gracefully, eye to eye, foot to foot, hand to hand and trying to score fair and well-planted hits, they bent, stooped, wriggled, twisted and contorted themselves like a couple of wounded eels. The audience, fortunately for them, was composed of a much higher class than usually attend such exhibitions. Any two men in the audience could have made a far better showing. Capt. Clive Phillipps-Wolley refereed the match and showed great skill in scoring the points made by the two men. W. Fisher and J. Perry acted as judges; John Simpson as timekeeper. Capt. Clive Phillipps-Wolley walked down to the front of the stage and declared Reid the winner. Foster received great sympathy; Reid certainly out-classed him in height, weight and reach. Just before the beginning of the match Reid was industriously smoking cigarettes in the wings, which led many who saw it to immediately characterize the affair, perhaps erroneously, as a "fake." Chief Sheppard was present on the stage ready to stop the match if any hard fighting were done. Even the chief was disgusted with the behavior of the men and quickly saw that his services were in no danger of being required. The verdict of the audience heard as they dispersed was that the exhibition was a stupid, tiresome affair.

Skill Brought to Perfection.

Prof. Dorenwend of Toronto, the greatest Hair Goods Artist on this continent, is now visiting Manitoba, N. W. T., and British Columbia, with his immense stock of fine Hair Goods Coverings for either ladies or gents in Wigs, Toupees, Switches, Bangs; Curly, Wavy and Plain Fronts, etc. See his advertisement in this paper, also large posters and hangers for dates, days and places where he is stopping. Don't miss this chance; go and see how natural and attractive looking you can be made, and baldness, plain and thin hair will be with you a thing of the past. In Victoria he will be at the Driard house for one week, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. April 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Schooner Arietes will go on the ways for repairs.

It has been found necessary to discharge the schooner Triumph before a survey is made of her.

No answer has been received from Ottawa by the Sealers Association in answer to the telegram they sent to Hon. C. H. Tupper.

Notwithstanding the item which appears in the Colonist of this morning under the heading of marine movements, "steamer Danube sails for Port Simpson and way ports to-morrow evening," the steamer will positively sail to-night, as per advertisement.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

If you are going to buy a watch call on the Canadian Co-Operative Supply Company.

The police court docket was a blank this morning.

Several new patterns of room mouldings just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

The Steam Laundry is growing older every day and better every hour. A good conscience and a clean shirt makes a man happy.

The fine weather to-day brought out the amateur oarsmen for a spin up the Arm.

British Columbia Business College, 43 Government street. Business penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic, typewriting. Latest and best methods. Class for ladies. Call and see specimens. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The James Bay Athletic Club opens for business on Monday and under the new management a very enjoyable season is expected.

A well selected stock of clothing and gents furnishings, also lease of first class premises, could be bought at easy terms. Apply P. O. box 519, city.

The strength of the wind at midnight last night was sufficiently strong to make progress across James Bay bridge a difficult undertaking. One or two of a party coming into town lost their hats.

THE FARM ANIMALS.

HURRY hurts more than it helps. Train your colts slowly; teach them as you train.

THERE are men who would not sleep with the window open in winter for "an interest in Goshen" who let their cattle and horses sleep in stalls with two or three boards off.

SHEEP have two teeth in the center of the jaw at one year, and add two each year until five years old, when they have a "full mouth." After that time the age cannot be told by the teeth.

SOME one shrewdly says that whenever a man is anxious to sell you "a good cow" it is pardonable if you question the quality of the cow. Good cows are always good enough to keep.

IT is a good thing to remember that warmly-housed animals do not require nearly as much food as those that are exposed to the cold. Make the stables tight and warm, ventilate them properly and save money in feed and sleep with a clear conscience.

INTERESTING FACTS.

A FLOUR is now made from the banana which is said to be a useful article.

FULLY four times as many people speak Chinese as speak the English language.

THE constant use of the telephone produces impaired hearing, headaches and nervous excitability.

THE musk antelope can send forth such a powerful odor of musk that even at a distance of one hundred yards he can smother his enemy to death.

NO, MY son, it is not always polite to tell a man what you think of him. It is safer to tell it to somebody else, and is just as effective in most instances.—Boston Transcript.

FIRST quality second growth white ash for carriages is so scarce that the probability is that in a few years oak will be used for coach poles and other purposes for which ash is now used.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BABIES ON ORDER.

Foundlings Shipped About the Country in Quantities.

Do you want a baby? If you do it can be had to order on short notice at reduced rates from the New York foundling asylum of New York city. This institution, says the Chicago Post, and others of a similar nature are doing a thriving business in Chicago, and for several years past they have unloaded anywhere from three hundred to five hundred unfortunate waifs per year on families in and about this city. No less than fifty of these little unfortunates, for the most part children of crime, were sent to this city during a recent month. One consignment alone consisted of thirty foundlings, and other shipments varied in numbers from two to ten. This traffic in human flesh—for such it is—has grown to such an alarming magnitude that local benevolent societies have been forced to take cognizance of it, and it is more than probable that steps will be taken to suppress it. The claim is made that the babies are sold at so much per head, and when a consignment arrives all that is necessary to do is to go to the pen, pick out the baby that takes your fancy, pay the stipulated price, and it is yours. The parentage of the child is carefully concealed, as this is the safest course and prevents any future entanglements as to the right of ownership. It also throws a halo of romance and mystery about the little waif, and leaves a pleasurable possibility that its mother may be a member of "the Four Hundred" or its father a congressman or boodle alderman who will appear some day in the distant and misty future and shower his millions on his illegitimate child. Be this as it may, the fact remains that New York foundling homes and baby farms are sending hundreds of children to this city, and they are perfectly willing to take money for them if it is offered, and in many cases they sell them openly.

SIBERIAN HORRORS.

The Desperate Condition of an American Sailor Prisoner.

Charles Wilson, mate of the sealing schooner George R. White, tells a tale of suffering in Siberia. On a trip in the spring of 1890 the schooner got into Russian waters and barely escaped arrest. Another American sealer at the time was captured by the Russian authorities, says Wilson, and the crew compelled to work in the coal mines. Capt. Alexander McLean, of the schooner Eddie D. Webster, of San Francisco, was arrested, but it is not known whether these men belonged to his or another vessel. Two of the crew of Americans, names unknown, incurred the displeasure of the officials because of a disposition to shirk work. They were chained together with iron bands around their wrists and a large iron ball at the end of the chain. One man was very large and the other below the medium height. They were kept under ground and had to dig a certain amount of coal each day or no food would be sent down to them. The supply got short and the big man ate his companion's food for five days. The small man became frantic with hunger and murdered the greedy prisoner while he slept. He called to the guard at the mouth of the shaft and told him he had killed his companion and asked to be loosened from the dead man. The guard refused. In desperation the small man took a coal shovel and cut the dead man in two and loosened the band from his waist. Neither was seen again. The supposition is that the murderer was killed by a guard or starved to death. The story is told by a prisoner who worked in the mines where the tragedy occurred. Many arrests are reported of poaching sailors by the Russian authorities and many prisoners never leave the mines alive.

THE TIN MINES OF AMERICA.

Where They Are Located and Their Proportions of Value.

The tin bearing lodes are for the most part on the western side of the Black Hills, among the older schists, and are of very different degrees of value. Some of them are of enormous thickness, exceeding one hundred feet, but the cassiterite is not equally distributed in them. It is found in strings, and patches, and sheets, and many of the veins and large parts of others contain none. They dip into the ground at high angles—usually about seventy degrees—in this respect resembling the lodes of Cornwall, and their working will consequently be very similar. Immense quantities of cassiterite exist in hills. The granite veins are very numerous, and a large proportion of them are more or less stanniferous, says a writer in the Engineering Magazine. But the percentage, as elsewhere, is very low, about equaling the average yield of the Cornish mines at present in operation. It is not easy to give figures, but a sanguine estimate might put forth at two per cent., and probably in order to attain this some of the poorer mineral must be excluded.

The granite of the Temescal range in San Bernadino county, Cal., has yielded small quantities of tin ore and a few rich specimens. In 1861 considerable exploration was made in the region, and this has recently been renewed. But so far as is known the conditions of the occurrence of the mineral do not differ from those obtained elsewhere. Maine, Alabama, Massachusetts, Virginia and South Carolina have at various times yielded a show of cassiterite and always in close connection with primitive rocks.

Spurious Shawls.

A good deal of indignation has been excited by a discovery recently made by the Calcutta customs of a trade in spurious Cashmere shawls. It appears that large quantities of shawls have been imported into India from Germany with imitation Cashmere marks on them. On arrival in Calcutta the shawls are treated by some peculiar process and then sent into the interior and sold there as real Cashmere productions. Their actual cost in Calcutta is about five dollars and they fetch when sold about thirty-five dollars.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS,
WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF
—FOR—
Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports
ON
The 1st and 15th of each month
AT 6 P.M. SHARP.
COMMENCING ON FRIDAY, APRIL 15TH.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
apl-2w

AUCTION
—SALE—
At Mortimer's Auction Rooms,
Corner View and Broad Sts.,
ON SATURDAY, 2nd INST.
AT 7:30 P.M., SHARP.

FURNITURE
STOVES
CLOTHING, ETC., ETC.

JAMES MORTIMER,
apl-1t Auctioneer.

CAPT. WILLIAM MOORE

MESSRS. LANGLEY & CO.
DEAR SIRS:—

I have great pleasure in giving you this testimonial for your Balsam of Aniseed, having used it for many years in my family, for coughs, colds, bronchitis. One or two bottles generally effecting a cure in bronchitis.

Yours truly,
WM. MOORE.
Victoria, Feb. 23rd, 1892.
fel7

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

MY NEW SPRING SHOES
★ ARE ★ HERE. ★

Ladies' Cloth Tops -:-:- St. Louis Toes
Bewitching Piccadillys
AND ALL THE SEASONS CHOICEST GOODS, FRESH FROM THE FACTORIES,
Cheap : : : AND : : : Pretty

AT A. B. ERSKINE'S

STANLEY HOUSE
FAMILY DRY GOODS.
Corner of Broad and Yates Streets.

We have a very large assortment of
TOWELS, in Turkish, Linen, etc.
QUILTS, 10-4 to 13-4, Marsailles and Honeycomb.
TABLINGS, Bleached, Unbleached and Fancy.
SHEETINGS, 7 to 10-4, in all qualities.
Etc., Etc., Etc.

All at our usual low cash prices. Don't pass the
SMALL STORE, BUT
come in and inspect our
VERY LARGE STOCK
of Dress Goods and General Dry Goods.

Bretagne Lacing, and Fernand Josephine Seamless, KID GLOVES now in stock, and **REDUCED TO $1.25 a pair.** The cheapest gloves in the Province.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES

IMPROVED FARM
One hundred and sixty acres, houses and barns, Shawnigan District. Only $1600; terms to suit.

A. W. MORE & CO.
70 DOUGLAS STREET.

Two hundred acres, good land, Alberni District, $2000; terms to suit.

INSURANCE EXCHANGE

THE BEST INVESTMENT IN VICTORIA TO-DAY.
Nice Location.
Easy Terms.

Full particulars on application to
HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 GOVERNMENT ST.